OPUS₂

Manchester Arena Inquiry

Day 149

September 20, 2021

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1	Monday, 20 September 2021	1	some, but not all, families that, in the alternative,
2	(9.30 am)	2	you should appoint a team of special advocates to
3	Housekeeping	3	represent the families in relation to the closed
4	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Good morning, Mr Greaney.	4	material and the closed hearing.
5	MR GREANEY: Sir, good morning. I know that before we start	5	And, third, the inquiry legal team's road map for
6	to deal with the business of the morning, there is	6	when and how the additional outstanding issues relating
7	something that you would like to say.	7	to the public interest immunity restriction material and
8		8	
9	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It just occurred to me that I had failed to acknowledge on Friday the fact that we had reached	9	the closed hearing should be addressed.
10		10	Sir, you have received submissions in writing on
	a significant stage in the hearing, the completion of		those issues as follows: from the families represented
11	chapter 10. It has taken a long time and I'm very	11	by Hogan Lovells and Slater & Gordon, dated 17 August;
12	grateful to everyone for the detail with which the	12	from the families represented by Broudie Jackson Canter,
13	examination of the evidence which has been done. I do	13	Hudgells, and Addleshaw Goddard, dated 27 August; from
14	appreciate that. It seems to me that a number of things	14	the Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated
15	have been identified as going wrong in the rescue	15	1 September; from Greater Manchester Police, also dated
16	attempt. Obviously, there will need to be careful	16	1 September; and from counsel to the inquiry, dated
17	analysis of the evidence, but I think it's accepted on	17	9 September.
18	everybody's part that there are things which have gone	18	You indicated, sir, at the end of last week that you
19	wrong. So as a result, there are likely to be warning	19	had read those submissions and intended to do so again
20	letters of some kind going out to corporate CPs as well	20	and for our part therefore we propose to take our
21	as individuals.	21	submissions shortly.
22	MR GREANEY: Indeed.	22	But before we do so, it is important that we should
23	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It has become fairly obvious of at least	23	make some introductory remarks. These issues for
24	what a number of the criticisms or potential criticisms	24	examination today date back to events in 2019.
25	are likely to be, so can I encourage CPs and individuals	25	A hearing to determine claims for public interest
	1		3
1	to consider responses to warning letters before they go	1	immunity by the Secretary of State and Counter—terrorism
2		2	
2	to consider responses to warning letters before they go		immunity by the Secretary of State and Counter—terrorism
2 3 4	to consider responses to warning letters before they go out. They will know what they are likely to contain, at	2 3 4	immunity by the Secretary of State and Counter—terrorism Policing North—west took place before you, initially in
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Counter-terrorism Policing to be able to prevent them."

That is why there must be a closed hearing: it is

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underlying closed material.

Second, the alternative submission made on behalf of

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because to deal with the relevant material in public would help terrorists to carry out the very type of attack that stole 22 innocent lives on 22 May 2017 and make attacks more likely and/or even more deadly, the opposite of what everyone in this process wishes to achieve.

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Second, you did not rule, as you did on 13 September 2019, out of a desire to protect the police and security services from scrutiny. Nothing in fact could be further from the truth. The reason why there has to be a closed hearing is precisely to enable such scrutiny to take place.

The reality is that without conversion from inquests to an inquiry with closed hearing, the question of whether what the security service and CTP knew before the arena attack was capable of thwarting the attack could not be investigated in the way in which you, sir, are determined to investigate it.

We wish to assure everyone that in the closed hearing, the conduct of the security service and Counter—terrorism Policing will be subject to the closest scrutiny and, to the fullest extent possible, your open report will identify your findings.

Against that background, it is worth emphasising, in our view, that none of what we will submit today is

about trust in the families, nor as we understand it are the submissions of the families about trust in you or us as the inquiry legal team.

As for our trust in the families and their representatives, it is right that we should make plain that throughout this process they have behaved in a way that is responsible and highly constructive. We accept that no one wishes more than the families to prevent the revelation to terrorists of information that would be of assistance to them, so all should understand that the submissions we have made in writing and will make now orally in summary have been made on that basis. But equally, all should understand that you are required to act in accordance with established legal principles.

As for the trust of the families, we have been gratified to read in the submissions of the families that they have confidence in the inquiry legal team to engage in a robust examination of all witnesses, including those who represent the state. Those submissions also make plain that the families have complete confidence in you, sir.

We do understand that the families' submissions as to approach represent genuinely held views and are not intended as criticism, but we hope that it is understood that the same applies to what we have to say too. So, sir, we'll turn to the first of those three topics that we identified.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Just before you do, can I make one observation. This relates to — this is not done by advocates or by CPs, but in some areas there have been suggestions that because of the fact that there is going to be closed hearings, that this in some way will make these hearings more secretive than other ones. Can I just contrast and explain what appears to me, and I hope this is understood and believed correct, to be the contrast between, for example, the inquests into the 7/7 hearings, the inquests into the Westminster Bridge deaths and the inquests into the London Bridge deaths.

That was that in each of those case, as I understand it, there were PII hearings and evidence was excluded from the inquests as a result of those PII hearings. That material was therefore never, ever heard or explored in those inquests. I make no criticism of that: it is because the coroner decided that a proper Article 2 investigation could be conducted without going into the PII material.

It was accepted at the outset by the Secretary of State, and it's certainly clear to me, that there is no way that an Article 2 compliant inquest into these matters could have been conducted without an

investigation into the PII material. That is the difference between the two. Therefore, that is why we are having a closed hearing. It in fact means that there will be a more in—depth inquiry into matters, potentially, in this inquiry than there was in those inquests, although I hasten to say that is because the coroners in all those cases decided that it was not necessary to investigate the PII material and they didn't look at it and it wasn't produced in the inquiry.

So that is the distinction which should be drawn. The only other inquiry which I am aware of, but there may be others, is the Litvinenko Inquiry. In that case the coroner decided he could not have a proper inquest which looked at all matters without investigation into PII matters. He asked for an inquiry, which was initially refused by the Secretary of State and then the Divisional Court ruled that there should be an inquiry which looked into the PII material.

The relatives of Litvinenko were not permitted to take part in that, nor were there any legal representatives, and we will be looking at the judgment of Sir Robert Owen in that case in this matter.

But I hasten to say why we are having -- the PII matters need to looked at by me in order to have a proper Article 2 investigation , and that has been

1	accepted by the Secretary of State as well. So I hope	1
2	that explains to people the difference and doesn't mean	2
3	that there is greater secrecy in this inquiry than there	3
4	has been in others.	4
5	That's off the cuff; I hope that does adequately and	5
6	properly explain the position.	6
7	MR GREANEY: Sir, that does make sense. I am quite certain	7
8	that that will be understood by everyone in this room	8
9	• •	9
	and we can only hope that it is understood also by those	
10	outside of this room.	10
11	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Who report on these matters.	11
12	MR GREANEY: Sir, just to deal with one matter, there have	12
13	been two other inquests converted into inquiries that	13
14	we are aware of.	14
15	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I don't doubt that.	15
16	MR GREANEY: Both were very different, they were police	16
17	shootings, the cases involving Anthony Grainger and	17
18	Jermaine Baker, which is currently, as we understand it	18
19	being ——	19
20	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: But the same procedure has been adopted	20
21	in that case?	21
22	MR GREANEY: It has, sir.	22
23	Thank you very much for those remarks. Can we turn	23
24	then to those three topics. As I made plain, bearing in	24
25	mind the detail of the written submissions, we don't	25
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propose to deal with things in anything other than

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The first topic, as we indicated, concerns the submission on behalf of the bereaved families that they and their representatives should be able to attend the closed hearing of the inquiry and have disclosed to them the underlying closed material. We address this at paragraphs 5 to 28 of the submissions at divider 2 of vour bundle.

What is in effect being suggested by the families is what is sometimes called a confidentiality ring, that is to say permitting a limited group to have access to closed material on the bases of enhanced undertakings. However, in a series of cases, the courts at the highest levels have rejected the use of any such arrangement.

It is right that the courts have identified the problems inherent in lawyers having access to material that their clients do not as one of the reasons why such arrangements should not occur, which is not a problem that would arise on the proposal of the families, of course. However, that is far from the only problem that has been identified, as was set out with clarity by the Administrative Court in AHK; see paragraph 22 of our written submissions.

The reality, we submit, is that restrictions for

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disclosure to those in the position of the families cannot logically be different from and less strict than those which the courts, including the House of Lords in Somerville, have said must apply to their lawyers.

Sir, on the authorities, we as the inquiry legal team are satisfied that if you were to adopt this proposal of the families and permit them to be present at the closed hearing and to have access to the closed material, you would be acting unlawfully.

Not only, of course, do you have a responsibility not to act in a way that you know would be unlawful, but to do so would inevitably result in a public law challenge. That would result, we have no doubt, in delay and postpone the time at which you would be able to report and make the recommendations that you mentioned just earlier today. That, sir, is not what anyone involved in this inquiry wants.

That's all we propose to say about topic 1. That leads to the alternative submission made on behalf of some but, as we indicated, not all families, namely that you should appoint, as it is described, a team of special advocates to represent the families in relation to the closed material.

Pausing for just one moment, by "appoint" we understand the families to be submitting that you should

request the Attorney General to make such an appointment, although we acknowledge that that is a request she would be expected to comply with absent exceptional circumstances not to do so; see AHK (2009) EWCA Civ 287 at paragraph 21.

This submission of the families gives rise, we suggest, to two questions. First, a jurisdictional question: do you have power to direct that special advocates be instructed in the way that we have explained? And second, if you do, should you exercise that power in the circumstances as they currently exist? SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Do you mind if I just stop you for

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a moment? MR GREANEY: Not at all, sir, no. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: The first issue as to jurisdiction has taken up a fairly considerable part of people's submissions to me and authorities. Today, you disclosed to all the other parties the House of Lords case in Roberts v the Parole Board, which would appear to suggest that in a similar case where there is no statutory power or where it is not within the rules for the Parole Board to appoint a special advocate, ie an analogous situation to this, as it appears to me at present, that the House of Lords did rule by three to two that actually the Parole Board did have the power to

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1	do that to ensure that justice occurred.	1	Sir, as you have just identified yourself, those two
2	Of the people in this case, the Secretary of State	2	questions that we have posed have generated different
3	for the Home Department has argued that I do not have	3	submissions from different core participants. Of those
4	the power to do so, and I think she is the only person	4	who have made submissions in writing, as you have
5	to do so. I just wonder whether, if Ms McGahey has had	5	indicated, only the Secretary of State argues that you
6	the opportunity to read Roberts, whether she still	6	do not have a power to direct that special advocates be
7	maintains that submission. Of course she's perfectly at	7	instructed.
8	liberty to do so and I will hear it, but if that has	8	Whereas of those who have made submissions in
9	caused a change of heart on her part, on the	9	writing, only the families represented by Hogan Lovells
10	Secretary of State's part, then it would be interesting	10	and Slater & Gordon argue that you should exercise any
11	to know it now because it would cut out some of the	11	such power that you do have in favour of directing the
12	argument.	12	appointment.
13	Ms McGahey, are you able to just answer that	13	Sir, we address these two questions in detail at
14	question either yes or no?	14	paragraphs 44 to 61 of our written submissions. Our
15	MS McGAHEY: Sir, I have had the opportunity very briefly to	15	submission in summary on the first question, so the
16	read Roberts and I haven't managed to read the entire	16	question of whether there is a power, is that you do
17	authority in the time available. The	17	have the power to direct the appointment of special
18	Secretary of State's position is still that this inquiry	18	advocates.
19	does not have jurisdiction to appoint special advocates.	19	It is certainly right that the Inquiries Act (2005)
20	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I shall listen with interest to the	20	does not provide an express power for you to direct such
21	argument.	21	an appointment. However, neither does the Act prohibit
22	MS McGAHEY: Sir, my suggestion was to be that, bearing in	22	you from doing so. We recognise the appointment of
23	mind that counsel to the inquiry invites you to exercise	23	special advocates in other jurisdictions is most often
24	any discretion you do have against the appointment of	24	regulated by statute. However, the courts have made
25	special advocates, you may wish to consider first the	25	clear that courts and other bodies have or at least may
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1	issue of whether you would exercise a discretion if you	1	have a common law power to ask the Attorney General to
2	had it, because if your decision is that you would not	2	appoint a special advocate where the interests of
3	do so, there may actually be no need for you to make the	3	justice require.
4	detailed consideration to the question of whether	4	It is relevant perhaps to cite just two examples of
5	you have the jurisdiction at all . Of course, if you do	5	such authorities . In Roberts v the Parole Board, sir,
6	decide that you would exercise that discretion, then	6	the case to which you just made reference, the citation
7	obviously the issue of jurisdiction becomes relevant.	7	of which is 2005 2 Appeal Cases 738, the issue for the
8	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Ms McGahey, that's tempting, but no. If	8	House of Lords was formulated as follows: whether the
9	the issue is being raised and it's there on a skeleton	9	Parole Board, a statutory tribunal of limited
10	argument, then I will rule on it.	10	jurisdiction, is able, within the powers granted by the
11	MS McGAHEY: Sir, I'm very sorry, for whatever reason,	11	Criminal Justice Act 1991 and compatibly with Article 5
12	I can't hear you.	12	of the European Convention on Human Rights, (a) to
13	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I said your invitation is very	13	withhold material relevant to the appellant's parole
14	tempting $$ can you hear me now?	14	review from his legal representatives, and (b), and this
15	MS McGAHEY: I can, thank you, sir.	15	was the issue which is critical for our purposes,
16	SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: But I'm rejecting it. The issue has	16	instead to disclose that material to a specially

By a majority, sir, to steal your own words, the

thing.

board.

appointed advocate, an SAA, who will represent the

appellant in his absence at a closed hearing before the

 $\operatorname{Sir},\ \text{for our purposes, there is no difference}$

between what we understand a special advocate to be and

what was described by the House of Lords as a specially

appointed advocate. They amount to precisely the same

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been raised and while it is there, I shall rule on it.

MR GREANEY: Sir, there's obviously a difficulty on the line

that before we turn to Ms McGahey in, I would have

was still maintained.

MS McGAHEY: Thank you, sir.

thought, an hour or so.

But thank you very much, I just wanted to see whether it

with Ms McGahey in both directions. I know Mr Suter and

those who sit behind him will do what they can to solve

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House of Lords answered those questions "yes". It was made plain that although the power to appoint a special advocate existed, even in the absence of express statutory provision, it was a power that should be exercised only exceptionally. Sir, so we hope we are clear about the effect, the important for our purposes effect of Roberts. Yes, even in the absence of underpinning by statute or by rules, the power to appoint a special advocate exists, but that power is one to be exercised in exceptional circumstances.

The second of the two authorities ——

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SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Just before we pass on, it was a three/two decision, a very powerful minority decision as well, but the issue there was: this is a case where a particular prisoner was applying for parole, the Secretary of State, in opposing that, wanted to rely on some material which was covered by PII and therefore could not be disclosed to the prisoner.

The alternative scenarios were either you had a special advocate, so that somebody at least representing the prisoner could know of what the material was and it could be taken into account by the Parole Board, or the alternative proposed by the minority was that that material, which could affect whether it was safe to release the prisoner into the

community, would not be considered at all by the Parole Board. That is what the minority said should happen and, really, Lord Woolf, in putting out the majority decision, was saying we have to be interested in public safety and the protection of the public and therefore it would be unconscionable not to allow that material to be heard by the Parole Board. I hope I properly summarise the issue.

MR GREANEY: Sir, you've entirely accurately summarised the issue as it arose and, as we have indicated, the majority said in that situation it is to be managed, if exceptional circumstances such as those exist, by a special advocate procedure.

It is also relevant to have regard to what was said by the High Court in a more recent authority, Competitions and Markets Authority ν Concordia. That case reached the courts on a number of occasions. The report that I am referring to is 2018, EWHC 3158.

In that case the High Court was asked to appoint a special advocate for two preliminary hearings, each of which would have concerned PII material, and the court ruled as follows at paragraphs 7 to 8 and 11 of the judgment. In paragraph 7 the court said as follows:

"It is well established now that the courts may invite the Attorney General to appoint a special

advocate in a case where there is no statutory procedure as long as the circumstances make it appropriate."

Paragraph 8:

"As to what those circumstances are, it is clear from the cases that the appointment of a special advocate, certainly in a non—statutory case, is regarded as an exceptional event, indeed one to be the event of last resort, rather than in any sense a default position."

Then 11:

"So it is clear on the authorities [said the court] that it is competent for the court in a non—statutory case to seek the appointment of a special advocate, but it is also clear that this is something exceptional and a special case has to be made out for that appointment."

So again, sir, we would submit those same two principles emerging from that authority, which itself had reviewed a number of authorities: (1) the power does exist but (2), it is to be exercised only in exceptional circumstances.

In our submission, it is clear from section 17.16 the Inquiries Act that Parliament intended the chairman of an inquiry such as you to be able to create a procedure that is tailored to the requirements of the particular matter rather than imposing one predefined

and rigid structure on all statutory inquiries .

On balance, we consider that this will extend to the appointment of a special advocate where exceptional circumstances justify it. We pause to note that this was also the provisional view of Sir Robert Owen in the Litvinenko Inquiry.

So if we're right about that, it leads to the second question namely whether exceptional circumstances exist here such as to justify the exercise of the power. In short, we submit that it is plain that they do not because the appointment of a special advocate, or even a team of them, would not offer anything that counsel to the inquiry and the broader legal inquiry team does not. And that submission applies both to the disclosure role and the hearing role as described by the Hogan Lovells and Slater & Gordon families.

Sir, we do not accept the argument of those families that the interests pursued by CTI are materially different from the interests which the families' own lawyers would properly pursue. As they recognise, these proceedings are inquisitorial. The terms of reference require you to:

"Investigate how and in what circumstances 22 innocent people came to lose their lives in the attack at the Manchester Arena on 22 May 2017 and to

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CTI is to seek answers to matters within this scope. We do agree with the families that special advocates may, to quote them: "Use their skill, ingenuity and experience, accrued in very many similar exercises to arrive at compromises and develop arguments that achieve safe and lawful disclosure that had been thought impossible by all at the outset of the process.'

make any such recommendations as may seem appropriate."

Sir, like the lawyers for the families, the role of

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However, sir, we do not consider that a special advocate would offer anything in this inquiry which CTI does not, save for a greater number of minds focusing upon the same matters. The inquiry legal team has a team of vetted lawyers who are familiar with the closed material in this inquiry and are involved in the closed hearing. Each member of that team is experienced in the type of exercises that the families highlight. and the reality therefore is that the work of a team of special advocates would be nothing more than duplicative.

Moreover, in one important respect, a special advocate would be at a disadvantage as compared with vetted members of the inquiry legal team. Unlike a special advocate, vetted members of the inquiry legal

team have already seen the closed documents and may continue to communicate with the families and indeed with other core participants and their lawyers.

The involvement of counsel to the inquiry is thus of more value to the families than the involvement of a special advocate would be. That, sir, of course is a matter that the BJC, Hudgells and Addleshaw Goddard families attach importance to in arguing that no special advocate should be appointed.

So sir, in all of those circumstances and the others we have identified in our written submissions, we submit that no compelling argument has been made out in favour of the appointment of special advocates and certainly no exceptional circumstances are shown to exist.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I wonder whether it's worth outlining in public just exactly what the limitations are on what the special advocate can do and would do if I were to appoint one.

MR GREANEY: The critical difference that I was seeking to highlight in what I just said is that a special advocate could take instructions prior to viewing the closed material. But as soon as he or she had had any access to the closed material, they would thereafter not be permitted under any circumstances to have any further

contact with the families or their lawyers.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you.

MR GREANEY: Sir, that is all we wish to say by way of oral 3 summary of our position on topic 2.

We'll turn then to deal briefly with the third and 4 final topic, the road map. This is addressed at paragraphs 29 to 43 of our written submissions and we 6 7 won't seek to repeat those to any extent, but we will 8 set out the timetable that we invite you to direct, 9 which for your note is at paragraph 43. It's in the 10 following terms:

> "Any amended or updated open versions of the existing for restriction order applications and any further open restriction order applications should be filed by 10 am on 21 September [that is to say tomorrow]. The inquiry legal team will also make an open restriction order application on behalf of the principal chapter 14 expert instructed by you, sir, by the same time on the same date, 10 am on 21 September. Any responses to these open restriction order applications from core participants must be filed by 4 pm on 27 September. Submissions from counsel to the inquiry will be provided by 12 pm on 30 September." And sir, you will consider those applications and

submissions at an open hearing on 1 October.

Any amended or updated closed versions of the

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1 existing four applications and any further closed 2 restriction order applications should be filed by 10 am 3 on 4 October. And sir, you will consider those applications and submissions at a closed hearing on 5 18 October

> Having set out the inquiry legal team's position in summary, unless there's anything else that you would like to say at this stage, I will turn to the core participants.

10 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you.

11 MR GREANEY: I'd invite Mr Cooper on behalf of the families 12 that he represents to make his submissions, please.

MR COOPER: Thank you, Mr Greaney. 13

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Can I indicate that nothing I said 14 15 in the preliminary remarks is to indicate that I have in 16 any way prejudged the submissions.

MR COOPER: Of course. 17

18 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Can I also indicate that I will want the 19 families to know as much as they can, and I understand 2.0 their desires to find out anything that could have gone

21 wrong, even if it involved the intelligence service and

2.2 MI5, but you will appreciate, all the lawyers here will 23 appreciate, that I am governed by the law and I must not

2.4 act unlawfully however restrictive that may be and

25 however unfortunate the consequences of that may be.

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1 I also do hope that throughout this inquiry, our aim 2 has to be and has been to keep the trust and confidence 3 of the families in the exercise that we are doing. And 4 we are doing it to the best of our abilities with yours and the families' help. 5 Submissions by MR COOPER 6 MR COOPER: I'm grateful, sir. Let me, as a preliminary, 7 endorse what Mr Greaney has said and, if reassurance is 8 9 needed -- and I'm sure it isn't -- emphasise the trust 10 that the families have both in you, sir, and indeed 11 in the inquiry legal team. Our submissions should not 12 be taken as a criticism as far as that is concerned. 13 Again, I can highlight, as I have highlighted in the 14 past, the extremely fruitful and productive relationship 15 the family teams do have with your inquiry legal team, 16 which has, I hope, helped you in the process. 17 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It has, and there has been a high degree 18 of cooperation, which has not always been apparent in 19 every other inquiry which may be taking place or has 20 taken place. It seems to me to be benefit of us all. But everyone must understand: I have to act in 21 22 accordance with the law. MR COOPER: That is understood. And you know, sir, 2.3 2.4 certainly from your conduct of this inquiry, the 25 families that we all represent have presented a sensible

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and a respectful approach to this process. But we are at a particularly sensitive stage here of this inquiry and perhaps one of the most sensitive stages when it comes to the reception of evidence. And part and parcel of our application today is simply to ventilate the concerns that do labour within certain sections of the families . And I think I can speak for all families -- there's a difference between us on certain issues -- to indicate that we all support and would encourage open disclosure so far as we can have it and indeed as full access to the process so far as it is legally able to be achieved. But I would start in these submissions, knowledgeable though I am that you've read our submissions at tab 3 of the bundle --SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Cooper, you feel free to say whatever you wish to do in public. It is a public hearing and I understand I'm not the only person who needs to know what is being said.

MR COOPER: I'm grateful, sir. We have to start in this

way, that we do find it -- and those instructing us find

it $\,$ -- somewhat ironic in the minds of many that our

ability from a lay perspective perhaps to do our duty,

both on behalf of the families and the country at large,

is being questioned by a security service in the light

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of their performance concerning Salman Abedi and the Manchester Arena attack.

It is already clear on the open material we have, on admissions that have been made, that the performance of the security services was, some might say, poor, and for us to be, on their submissions, criticised or indeed challenged as to our ability to perform our duties of confidentiality is somewhat ironic and I put it no higher than that.

You know, sir, that the lawyers representing the family teams, and indeed the families, have all given undertakings which they have adhered to in the strictest possible way and you know, sir, should it be possible according to law that enhanced undertakings be offered to lawyers or the families, then they would also be signed up to, one assumes that they would be reasonable, in a forthright and cooperative way.

But there is an element of surprise that the security services, who on their own admissions and their own documents, performed their duties in some way very poorly, should be criticising us. It is right to lay some perspective on this because it forms our submission on whether this is exceptional. Perhaps it does go in many respects to the heart of the consideration that you have.

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Of course we've considered the authorities and in particular the authority most recently supplied to us. We do pick up that challenge to persuade you that the circumstances in which we seek a special advocate are exceptional. What is that exceptional circumstance? It's this: the security services have admitted to significant fault. Their admissions are limited, and I'll go through a few of them —— all this is in open material so I've been very careful to ensure that what I am about to submit is already in open material, but the security services have admitted to what some might consider already grave breaches of their duty in both following and apprehending Salman Abedi and others and indeed in due course taking significant steps to prevent the atrocity that occurred on 22 May 2017.

Their admissions, as we will articulate in a moment, are staggering as they are limited. The exceptional feature here is precisely that: that we have a party here who will be represented in these hearings —— and I think it's important to highlight that as well in our submissions, that in the very hearings that the family CP lawyers are deprived from attending and questioning or making legal submissions to you, sir, the security services, MI5, will have their legal representatives present, who are perfectly able to make submissions to

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you, who are perfectly able and permitted to ask questions. It is somewhat invidious, we say, of them to suggest in their written documents, and maybe orally today, that the proceedings are non—adversarial, inquisitorial and therefore little representation is needed in these closed sessions.

If that be the case, sir, we ask rhetorically, why are they there? Why are they there to be able to make submissions? Surely CTI can do it for them. Why are they there to ask questions? Surely CTI, on CTI's arguments to exclude the families, can do that for them?

We submit on that basis, the inquisitorial argument fails immediately. Because to use the inelegant expression, what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. If CTI —— and again none of these submissions are made in any way, and Mr Greaney knows it, to challenge the competence, fairness and application of CTI, but if they're good enough for the families, I put it rather inelegantly, they should be good enough for the security services as well. The security services therefore, on CTI's argument and even indeed on the Secretary of State's argument, effectively argue that they shouldn't be there either. And at the very least, sir, we ask for parity: if we can't be there, neither should they, but if they are there, more to the point,

so should we.

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But the exceptional nature, as I indicated a moment ago, is that partial admission from the security services of what we would phrase grave breaches of their duty, both in the apprehension and detection of Salman Abedi and others, and again, I take this from Witness X. In his statement, {INQ022846/1}, I don't need to see it, I simply make the reference to it.

MI5, it seems, were aware in 2017 of a significant threat posed to the United Kingdom based on individuals of national security concern, who were thought to have travelled to Syria, Iraq and the surrounding region.

MI5 recognised the need to:

"Track their movement, process on return, and ensure that they do not present a threat when back in the United Kingdom."

His paragraph 29.

Those steps, sir, were not, as you know, imposed to mitigate the threat posed by Salman Abedi, despite prior notice of various factors of significant concern. We deal with it briefly.

Here is an example of that exceptional feature of grave, grave underperformance by MI5 and the security services headlined in these statements, and no more than headlined. So let it not be said, perhaps: there

you are, we've made disclosure, what are you complaining about? No, sir, our response there would be: we've simply been given headlines, which in those circumstances, and I'll go on to a few other examples in a moment, necessitate, in addition to CTI, a presence, firstly, in a hearing or hearings by a team of special advocates, all we suggest representing the families, not special advocates for each family, but also perhaps more significantly, a special advocate to assess disclosure or the level of disclosure the families are getting at the moment. I'll come on to that in a moment because we've had none.

In 2010, going back to our exceptional submission, the Joint Terrorism Analyst Centre, JTAC, reported how radicalisation within the Libyan community of Manchester may be influenced by elder generations, historical links to extremist groups such as the Libyan Islamic Fighting Group, and the report noted how this could lead to the exposure of Libya—linked individuals to extremist viewpoints during young adulthood, for example through their parents and their connections; paragraph 32.

And yet none of these factors, sir, seem to have been given any or any appropriate weight by the security services in the case of Salman Abedi. MI5 disclosed to us in open material at paragraph 83 that their initial

awareness of Salman Abedi occurred, staggeringly perhaps, on 30 December 2010. They received a trace request. That's all they've told us. They have not disclosed whether or not the individual they received that information from was from Abedi's family. If it was, it perhaps chimes with the warnings given in that 2010 report.

No explanation has been given by the security services, no disclosure has been given by CTI as to any investigation or evaluation of Abedi was embarked upon at this time. This submission cross-refers to our concerns that although Mr Greaney has reassured us as to the assiduous approach to CTI, so far we've had no disclosure for over a year. It does give us concern, and we hope it's not the case, and now is not the time for hesitant submissions, that CTI are not simply rubber-stamping the security services' applications. I'm sure that's not the case, but now is the time to make that submission and to pitch it at that level to ensure and get reassurance that when material is being supplied to CTI, an assiduous examination of it is undertaken, because at the moment the concern the families have is that we've had absolutely no disclosure, which is somewhat disconcerting in the sense that it seems that there is nothing that the security

services apparently don't want us to see that we're seeing. It may well be that every single application the security services make to CTI are extremely valid, in accordance with the position that we are in and therefore are accepted, but we don't know.

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We don't have a special advocate, for instance, or an ear or an eye in the proceedings to reassure us that requests being made by the security services, a security service that has already woefully misperformed on the evidence we have seen, are not presenting material to the inquiry legal team which may have another interpretation and might lead to disclosure.

One of the exceptional circumstances, and our submission here, sir, is we are dealing with a party, a security service, MI5, here, would have made mistakes, it might be considered, and there special transparency so far as it may be achieved is required.

This is not a situation, perhaps in the normal course of events, where a party is making disclosure or maybe making arguments in due course in closed session, who are coming from a position of not being imputed, of material not being available to criticise them, or indeed it not being known that they have made mistakes. Here, already is a damaged party. Here, already is a damaged MI5.

From that perspective, it makes it an exceptional circumstance, in our respectful submission, that given that we are already dealing with a damaged party, extra special representation should be presented for the families to assess what should be disclosed, what shouldn't be disclosed, and representation at the hearing to make submissions and to ask questions, just as legal representation is being allowed for MI5 and the security services to have their advocate there to protect their interests.

Sir, again, none of this I am repeating from a written document, our written submission, I just add more flesh to the bones perhaps.

In July 2014, Salman Abedi was clearly known to the security services. Whether or not he was a person of interest and to what level he was a person of interest is still opaque. We've been given some information, we're not told the basis of any assessments that are undertaken, which in our submission, admittedly from a position of not seeing any material, is surprising that at least we can't be given the basis of any assessments that were taking place, even a redacted basis of any assessments that were being taken, either of Abedi, his family or his associates, telephone contacts, for instance, contacts with others.

Sir, you will be hearing in due course, or at least seeing, Abdallah. It is clear that Salman Abedi was a well—known contact with Abdallah. MI5 continue to refuse to even acknowledge that fact, continue to refuse to even acknowledge what is blatantly obvious on the papers we've seen that Salman Abedi was a well—known contact with Abdallah. That again does not fill the families that we represent with confidence that we're having a security service who are attempting to help, in practice, as they say in principle ——

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Cooper, I'm sorry to interrupt you, I'll just need that explained a bit more.

MR COOPER: Sir, of course.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It is in open, the contacts with Abdallah and Salman Abedi.

MR COOPER: Yes, indeed, as I understand it.
 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I just wonder what the criticism of MI5
 is in relation to that. You said they weren't
 acknowledging that.

MR COOPER: As far as I understand it, there's been no
official acknowledgement by MI5, and if I've got that
wrong... It's simply an example, sir, again, of matters
that might be easily acknowledged, which are not, which
leads us to believe that the level of cooperation by MI5
and the security services, with as transparent an

approach as possible towards the families, is simply not there.

3 It's clear, as you know, sir, from the material in
4 open, and indeed that will be further examined in due
5 course, that there was significant contact between
6 Salman Abedi and Abdallah, and I understand that to be
7 in open, and —

8 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It is. It will be examined in open hearing.

10 MR COOPER: In due course.

11 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Yes.

MR COOPER: MI5 were made aware, for instance, of
Salman Abedi's travel out of the UK. No port stops, for
instance, as we know, were initiated. We have no
disclosure or information, apart from mere headlines, as
to MI5's attitude, behaviour and performance of their
duty in relation to that.

There are a number of other pieces of information —
SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Let's talk about the port stops for
a moment, which obviously is a really important matter
for me to consider. It is in open. There will
of course be the opportunity to ask questions of
Witness J when he comes to it about that and I would
expect that to be vigorously pursued, as no doubt it
will be.

th others. 25 will be.

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1 MR COOPER: Well, sir, yes, but it rather leads me to an as to the position of the families' cases. 2 issue I was about to go to a little later but I'll go to 2 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm hesitant about partiality because 3 now: we have only recently heard that in addition to 3 we are conducting together an inquisitorial process. 4 Witness J. and indeed another witness from 4 I do understand you can say: well, the particular 5 counter-terrorism, there are 14 witnesses now being 5 concerns the families have can be raised with them and called or being presented by the inquiry legal team for they can direct it down that line, but for me partiality 6 6 questioning. We don't know who they are, we don't know 7 does not, expressed in that way, just baldly as 8 8 any details about them, even in an anonymous form. And partiality —— it starts to look like an adversarial 9 such is the secrecy, it seems, of the witnesses being 9 process, which we are not in and I'm very keen that we 10 10 heard in this hearing that even the expert witness who should never get into. 11 is giving evidence in relation to preventability, we're 11 MR COOPER: I understand, sir, but again -- and I promise 12 12 not even told of his or her name, we're refused access this is the last time I will mention it -- but the 13 to his or her CV, we don't even know what their 13 disjunct between there being representatives for the 14 qualifications are 14 security services present --15 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm quite happy to hear argument about 15 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I understand that. that in due course, clearly . I have always been 16 MR COOPER: -- grates -- I know it's not a legal expression 16 17 hesitant about it being publicly known the number of 17 18 witnesses. The reason for that is by knowing -- the 18 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I know it does. It's actually happened 19 Secretary of State for the Home Department has decided 19 every time this has happened in an inquiry. I don't 2.0 20 think there's ever been an inquiry where just no one can to voluntarily disclose that, that's absolutely fine by 21 me, but it can cause misapprehension. One can get, 2.1 be there at all. 22 because there's a lot of witnesses, a view, well, there 22 MR COOPER: Given that the powers of a chair are wide, we 2.3 must be a lot of material, stuff like that. They may be 2.3 could perhaps encourage either you, sir, or the inquiry 2.4 repetitive, they may be dealing with all sorts of 2.4 legal team to work out whether there is a power that 25 things. So I'm always concerned that people read too 25 you have to exclude all advocates from the hearing, save 37 39 1 much into these sorts of things or more than they can 1 CTI, of course, and that if you do have that power --2

do. That's my hesitancy.

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MR COOPER: Indeed, sir, and in terms of an analysis of what these 14 anonymous witnesses may say, another reason in the exceptional circumstances, that is of a security service that's already indicated on statements we have, in my words, they were gravely at fault here, even more reason for there to be a special advocate present on behalf of the families to look at the disclosure in relation to those 14 witnesses and to consider whether they do or whether they do not add materially to the issue. We don't know. One presumes, certainly given the assiduous way CTI and STI have chosen witnesses, perfectly properly, I might add --

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: The problem with special advocates, as you're aware, is they can be there and they can make those sort of enquiries, but they actually can't tell you the result any more than I can.

MR COOPER: No, sir, but they do represent, so far as they can, the interests of the families and they do start from a position of partiality . That doesn't mean that they can obviously go back and report back to families, but their approach, if I may submit, is a little

2.3 2.4 different in the sense that they have direct

25 instructions so far as they understand it or information

2 and we can look into it in due course -- to do so, 3 we would be strongly arguing that if family CPs are excluded from the process, so should those of the security services

5 6 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Well, I've heard the argument and the 7 reasons for it . Thank you, Mr Cooper.

MR COOPER: Again, as far as the special advocate is concerned, the special advocate of course would be able 10 to make submissions on behalf of the families, would be able to consider disclosure on behalf of the families, and this would be an important adjunct to assist, particularly in the exceptional circumstance of a security service which is already flawed in these 15 proceedings, concerning their duties on the night of the 16 22nd, to ensure that you are assisted, CTI are assisted, by a family -- one or one team of family special advocates who can also make submissions -- let's not forget that, if I may say so -- that may assist you in

2.0 response of relevance. 21 I touched upon disclosure and I know and I saw --2.2 one is always hyperaware when one is on my feet (sic) of 23 reactions both of the bench, as it were, and indeed of 2.4 opponents when I mentioned --25

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I have never made any reaction of any

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1 sort, Mr Cooper, surely. security"; clearly it needs to be examined. But one 2 MR COOPER: -- when I mentioned rubber-stamping. 2 does have to attach weight to a certificate from the 3 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: No advocate likes to be told they're 3 Secretary of State and their reasons for it . So I just 4 being a rubber stamp (overspeaking). 4 want to point out, as I know you know well, but to MR COOPER: I understand that and Mr Greaney knows me well everybody else, what the courts have said, which I have 5 5 enough, it wasn't a personal slight on him. It was to follow. 6 6 7 a shorthand way of making my point. I emphasise again, 7 MR COOPER: I understand, and in many respects -- again, because I want to come back to it -- I come with giveth 8 8 this another expressions I use -- to a degree we're all 9 and taketh on this one as it were -- I emphasise again, 9 in a degree of a straitjacket here, whether it's for 10 10 good or bad reason. $\ensuremath{\text{I}}\xspace$ 'm not suggesting anything improper, let me make that SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: But you might need to go and complain to 11 very, very clear indeed. 11 12 What I am arguing, though, is that the fact that 12 the Supreme Court if you don't like the attitude. 13 over the year, and despite a number of rulings and 13 14 MR COOPER: Also though, sir, when it comes to certificates despite a number of hearings, and also despite promises 14 15 from those representing the security services of 15 and the declaration of national security $\,--\,$ and I know, 16 16 a degree of disclosure, we have had nothing or hardly -as we know you well now, you'll be aware that one 17 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: You actually have now, you've had the 17 shouldn't always pay lip service to a simple 18 number of witnesses which I think the promises were as 18 declaration, as it were. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Absolutely not. 19 to what they would disclose. I can't remember back in 19 20 20 MR COOPER: I remember in submissions that Mr Eadie was enough detail. 2.1 MR COOPER: That's recent, I think. 21 involved in a year or so ago there was a graphic SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Oh yes. No, no, you haven't had 2.2 22 expression, which I can't remember what it was now, 2.3 anything until recently, I do understand that. 23 about effectively one shouldn't just salute the flag, as 2.4 MR COOPER: My submission is that it is at hearings which 2.4 it were, one should --25 were due to take place in August 2019, for instance, 2.5 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It comes from various authorities, that:

nothing, absolutely nothing. That's either because, and this is why my submissions become, maybe, a little jolting to some -- that's either because, and we don't know, MI5 and those representing them have not made disclosure, or it may be because they have made disclosure to CTI over a year ago and we've heard nothing, one of those two, and we don't know.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Obviously, CTI have had disclosure of all the material which MI5 has and it is then for CTI to see whether the claim for national security and PII is justified

I think that one needs to look at the authorities $\,--\,$ I don't want you to go through them, but just be aware of them —— the authorities from the Supreme Court as to the importance of the Secretary of State's judgement and certificate of what is national security. My impression from the decisions of the Supreme Court, ending up with Begum, which we have there, is that the Supreme Court have said that any judge, anyone in my position, anyone in CTI's position, has to pay all due respect to what the Secretary of State is saying about national security because she is the person charged with that by

That does not mean just because they say it's national security then we just say, "Fine, it's national 1 hold a white flag up, salute the flag, whatever you 2

3 MR COOPER: It is that. We again -- and we make these arguments from a point of utter ignorance as to what's 5 going on for reasons as to where we are. We encourage, 6 if that's all we can do here at this stage, we encourage 7 real diligence by those looking at this material, and 8 perhaps even encourage them, if we may, to go back over 9 the material they have made decisions on because there 10 is concern -- and part and parcel of these submissions 11 today and whilst I am making particular oral submissions 12 on them in addition to my written submissions -- because 13 there is unease, which needs to be dealt with here and 14 now, and if we can provide that service to you and to 15 CTI by making these submissions. I think we're being 16 positive, as it were.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: No, no, absolutely. Let me say at once that if restriction orders are made or before they are made, the material will be looked at again. But beyond that, whatever the position, whatever the ruling about special advocates, during any closed hearing I will be looking with great care to see whether what is put before me in closed is actually justified on the basis

of national security for it to be in closed. There has 25

to be a degree of trust and reliance, I'm afraid, that

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1 inevitably comes into the process, but I will be looking 2 carefully during that to see whether things can be put 2 3 into open which are being argued should be done in 3 4 closed 4 MR COOPER: That is obviously reassuring to hear because 5 5 it is the balance between national security and family 6 6 7 participation and it is that acute balance --7 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Well, open justice and national 8 8 9 9 security 10 MR COOPER: Sir, yes. Again we indicate, particularly 10 11 in the context of this party, of MI5, there is 11 12 12 particular concern that the material that is being that. 13 supplied shows more mistakes they made or more evidence 13 14 14 in respects to the mistakes they've admitted publicly in 15 15 headline already. 16 We can conclude, hopefully succinctly, now. We have 16 17 17 noted the submissions, of course, eloquent and able, as all family interests, which in many respects, sir, 18 one would expect, of Mr Weatherby, and as far as his 18 we would submit, whatever your decision is, the cost 19 arguments are concerned about candour and about full 19 argument really is irrelevant as far as that is 2.0 2.0 disclosure, we support them of course. He will no doubt concerned. 21 equally eloquently articulate those submissions. 21

Our position is that if you are against him on that, or against us on that, then it is important for participation of the families, certainly those that we represent, that the next step be taken, which is the

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special advocate step, and that the difference really between ourselves and perhaps the position that Mr Weatherby is ably arguing for is that if you're against him, there ends the matter. The position is, we submit, is if you're against him -- and we hope you're not -- then there is another way to achieve family participation, which should not be lost and should be not given up.

As far as the law is concerned, we support and repeat the submissions made by CTI on the effect of your power and that won't assist you to repeat it. Indeed, in Litvinenko, it was accepted there is such a power, it is just that the tribunal --

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I think it is fair to say 14 15 Sir Robert Owen didn't look in apparently huge detail at 16 the issue, but maybe he, having decided that in any 17 event he wouldn't have done it, decided that he didn't 18 need to --

MR COOPER: Maybe. And we are reassured, for I would have made submissions otherwise -- when my learned friend suggested that you indicate your discretion before you first decide the law. It's very important, whilst each inquiry is within its own bubble, as it were, to use the popular terminology, it is important and we know you will give it a full, reasoned judgment on this

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issue, which will arise again, I am sure. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: And I will look first as to whether there is the power or not and then I will consider whether, if there is the power, it's an appropriate case to appoint special advocates. MR COOPER: In essence, we agree. Firstly, is there a power? We suggest there is. Then the question in short is whether a special advocate is necessary, whether it's exceptional, whether it's in the interests of fairness and the families' right to participate in the investigation, and we have already submitted on We obviously commend our written submissions to you. We deal with one aspect from CTI in their paragraph 67 or 6.7, I can't see whether I put a dot there or not, it's simply this: cost. One single team to represent

> Sir, unless we can assist you any further, those are our submissions. We hope that they'll be taken as positively as we have tried to present them, but they do have that underlying thread of real concern that what is going on that they cannot see is continued to be done

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SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Absolutely, and I do understand that, 2 3 Mr Cooper. Can I just also say, just so no one is under any misapprehension, what I don't want to do is provide 5 something which actually is not achieving anything, just 6 so people can say, "Well, we now trust you". That's not 7 the aim. So I have to be satisfied that having special 8 advocates would actually achieve something constructive 9 rather than simply for the procedure, rather than simply 10 saying, "The families have asked for it, therefore I'll 11 give it to them".

12 MR COOPER: Let me make it clear, sir. We're not seeking 13 a special advocate on a trust issue.

MR COOPER: We're seeking a special advocate for all the

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Lunderstand that. 14

16 reasons we have hopefully articulated, the special 17 reasons we have articulated, which means that in these 18 exceptional circumstances, dealing with a party that we 19 are dealing with, a special advocate is appropriate.

2.0 I certainly wouldn't dream -- neither would those 21 I represent want me to -- of, in any way, impugning the

2.2 trust we have both in you, sir, and indeed the inquiry

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2.4 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm grateful for that, Mr Cooper.

25 Thank you. Is it sensible to have a break? I'm going

1 to have 5 minutes whatever. a confidentiality ring, and the court was concerned both 2 MR GREANEY: Let's have a break of 15 minutes then, sir. 2 with the practical implications of that and how that 3 (10.42 am) 3 4 (A short break) 4 Here, although you, sir, have made rulings as to the 5 (10.57 am) 5 application of PII in the context of the inquest back in MR GREANEY: Next, Mr Atkinson. 2019, we are now in a different situation because we are 6 6 7 Submissions by MR ATKINSON 7 covered by the Inquiries Act, we are covered by the MR ATKINSON: Sir, I will endeavour not to repeat that which 8 8 procedures that you, sir, can put into place under 9 my learned friend Mr Cooper has already said, which 9 section 19 as to who can be present and what material 10 10 I adopt, inevitably in saying that I will repeat things can be provided and can reassess PII in the light of 11 that he has said for which I apologise, but it is 11 those as to where the protection of public interest 12 12 important to stress how important this issue is for in relation to national security now lies in that new 13 those I represent. 13 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I entirely accept that, but if I do make 14 We repeat our submission advanced in the summer of 14 15 last year that full and effective scrutiny which 15 restriction orders on the basis that the material is covered by PII, are you then saying that in those 16 attracts public confidence and that of the bereaved 16 17 17 circumstances CPs can be permitted to be at the hearing? families involves their maximum participation in the MR ATKINSON: To answer that by analogy, in the context of 18 testing of evidence as to preventability and therefore 18 19 the issues raised in chapter 14. 19 the Undercover Policing Inquiry, 2.0 20 Sir Christopher Pitchford identified that where --Whilst the Secretary of State suggests in her 21 submissions that Article 2 has no bearing on the 21 having identified all the practical problems that the 22 analysis that engages you, sir, today, we submit it is 22 Supreme Court did with a confidentiality ring, went on 2.3 23 in fact central to it. to identify that there would be circumstances in which 2.4 At paragraph 2.1 of our submissions, we quote the 2.4 there could be a sharing of material between 25 analysis of Lord Bingham in the case of Amin as to the 25 participants who had the same interest and where, here, 1 purposes of an Article 2 investigation, namely to 1 the families have the same interest as the inquiry team ensure, so far as possible, that the full facts are 2 2 and as the Secretary of State in protecting national 3 brought to light, that culpable and discreditable 3 security and avoiding anything that would help conduct is exposed and brought to public notice, that a terrorist, there is that common interest which could 5 suspicion of deliberate wrongdoing, if unjustified, is 5 allow that. But, sir, I say at once that clearly, you, allayed, and that dangerous practices and procedures are 6 sir, could identify a category of material that should 6 7 rectified, and that those who have lost their relatives not be disseminated because of its implications for 8 8 national security but can be disseminated under may at least have the satisfaction of knowing that 9 lessons learned from the deaths may save the lives of 9 section 19 to a defined group. And we would submit that 10 10 there is that middle ground, so effectively it's now 11 That neatly encapsulates, we submit, why it is that 11 three categories, not two: it's not PII or not, it's PII 12 the maximisation of their participation in this process 12 covered by section 19 or not. We contend that where 13 13 is essential. We do not accept that such maximisation there is that middle category, the families should be 14 is in turn unlawful. Section 19 of the Inquiries Act 14 within, not outside, the circle. 15 15 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'd be much helped by seeing the gives you, sir, the power to regulate who is and is not 16 present in relation to restricted order material 16 judgment of Sir Christopher Pitchford when he dealt with 17 hearings and who is or is not provided with restricted 17 that if that were possible. 18 material. That is a lawful basis for you, sir, to allow 18 MR ATKINSON: I think we did provide it back in August last 19 wider access than is contended for by CTI here. 19 year, but we'll provide it again. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you. 2.0 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Even when it's covered by PII? 2.0 21 21 MR ATKINSON: That is the difference between the position MR ATKINSON: It's also right and again something that we 2.2 adopted by the Supreme Court in Somerville and what 2.2 observed last August that in the Azelle Rodney Inquiry,

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rule 12.3 of the Inquiry Rules, which is disclosure for

the purposes of determining an issue under section 19,

was used to allow the bereaved families access to some

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we are contending for here. In Somerville what

concerned the court there was that material had been

adjudged to be covered by PII and was then given to

material which was otherwise covered by PII. Again, we'll provide that to you as well, sir

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So we submit that it is not a simple black and white "This is unlawful, you can't do it", we submit that section 19 means that you can to the extent that you assess the balance permits it with PII, section 19 and open material as three categories.

We further submit that it is important that this is approached now very carefully because of the history. The history is very well set out and we entirely endorse Mr Weatherby's and Mr Gozem's submissions from paragraphs 11 to 22 of their document where they set out the reality, which is that in July of last year, it was submitted on behalf of the Secretary of State that it would be possible, her words, to provide core participants with some further information concerning the MI5 witnesses of fact, including the number of witnesses, their employer and a general indication as to the scope of their evidence and that they would make submissions to you as to the extent to which their roles could be identified . That was set out by them in July of last year with a view to being able to deal with it by August of last year.

And a year and a month on from that, we have just had the numbers, we are still waiting for the rest, and

that is, to use another word of my learned friend, unsatisfactory. It does very much call into question whether, for whatever good reason there has been this delay, the process is working as well as it should to ensure the maximising of participation by the families and the maximising of public confidence in this process and it is against that background that we have made the application that we do today that you, sir, should consider your discretion to allow a special advocate

We submit that the fact you, sir, have the power to order a special advocate is clear. Section 19, as already prefaced, does indicate that you, sir, have the power to determine who is present during a closed session and who should have access to closed material. That clearly, on its face, allows you to determine who should have that, including a special advocate. I say that that can be said as to include that because section 17 of the Act makes clear that you, sir, can direct the procedure and conduct of your inquiry save where the Act or Rules limits you. Neither the Act nor the Rules limit you as to the appointment of a special advocate and there is therefore no statutory bar to you doing that.

The Secretary of State submits that you can't

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because in other contexts, other statutory regimes 2 provide for a special advocate, this one doesn't, 3

therefore you can't. We submit, first, that those 4 statutory regimes that she points to are ones which have

5 such a fundamental bearing on liability and lawful regulation in relation to an individual that it is 6

7 essential that those rights are protected and therefore

8 that is spelt out with a procedure in those contexts.

9 That is not to say that it can only be in those contexts 10 that you can have a special advocate.

11 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Can you tell me any occasion on which

12 a special advocate has been appointed when it's not 13 concerning allegations being made against an individual

14 or group of people who cannot be told of what that

15 information is?

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MR ATKINSON: We recognise that there is no inquiry that has 16 17 had this --

18 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Sorry, forgive me, I'm not concerned

with inquiries. It doesn't mean it has to be 20 exclusively, but it's normally been used on an occasion

21 when someone is being -- in the information in the

22 Roberts case, there was information about Mr Roberts

23 which might make it unsafe to allow him to come to be 2.4 released. In all the other occasions, it seemed to

2.5 involve someone having an accusation made against him,

her or a group, which they cannot know the details of

2. because of PII and therefore, in fairness to them, to

try and meet the allegation so far as possible,

a special advocate is appointed. I just wonder whether

there's any occasion --

6 MR ATKINSON: Beyond that. We submit that we fit in that

category which I will develop in a moment, but I think our researches, and I will be corrected from behind if I

9 am wrong, thus far haven't identified any further

10 example. But we submit that we are within that category 11 because you, sir, concluded in 2019 that this was an

12 Article 2 investigation and that it was one that could

13 not satisfy the requirements of Article 2 without steps

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beyond the parameters of an inquest.

15 Therefore, issues that are central to the concerns 16 of the bereaved families and the satisfaction of 17 Article 2 in their context can only be dealt with in

18 less than an open setting and therefore in a setting

19 where section 19 gives you, sir, the power to determine 2.0 who should be present.

21 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Okay. It's not identical, is it, but

2.2 you say it's analogous?

MR ATKINSON: Yes. Further, in answer to the submission of 23 2.4 the Secretary of State that it's only in, for example,

2.5 SIAC that you can have a special advocate, we

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respectfully endorse CTI's submission at paragraph 48(e) of their written document that there is a recognised common law discretion to permit a special advocate, the case of Roberts that they identified this morning being an example of that.

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It is something that you, sir, we know, would only grant if you considered that was the only way to ensure the proper level of participation by the families, but if you conclude it is the only way then there is no bar, we submit, to you doing so, and to the extent that Sir Robert Owen analysed the point, his approach in Litvinenko supports you in doing that. So that is our response to the Secretary of State's submission that you can't do it

As to whether you should, we submit that my learned friend Mr Greaney, with the very greatest of respect to him, slightly oversimplifies the position in relation to a special advocate in that under the Civil Procedure Rules. A special advocate, once appointed, can report back to the families that which the court permits them to do and permits them to do in writing. For your note, sir, Civil Procedure Rules 82.11(4).

sir , Civil Procedure Rules 82.11(4).
 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm impressed with your intimate
 knowledge of the Civil Procedure Rules, Mr Atkinson.
 MR ATKINSON: I give all credit for that to Mr Jamieson, who

clearly has had a much misspent youth.

The position is that there can be a form of dialogue. We entirely understand Mr Greaney to be right to say that there is that ongoing dialogue between counsel to the inquiry and the CPs, but there is no reason why you, sir, could not regulate a form of contact between the special advocate appointed and the families to ensure again their maximum engagement where appropriate.

We submit that there are a number of areas where a special advocate can and should provide assistance. First, in relation to the process of disclosure. If the reality is that the delay of the last year has been because of the burden on those involved, then having additional minds engaged on the process is worth having because time now is short.

Whilst we entirely agree that counsel to the inquiry have rigorously tested the evidence throughout this process and you, sir, have sought to do so, and succeeded, I hasten to add --

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It's okay, I'm not offended.

MR ATKINSON: Blowing our own trumpet, we do consider that
 on behalf of the families we have helped to highlight

areas of evidence, issues with the evidence, that have been beyond the original intention of CTI in what they

were proposing to ask of witnesses and which has spurred you on, sir, to further inquiry in areas that perhaps had not had focus at the outset.

Through feeding that material to a special advocate who will be there in the room, we understand, and can ask those additional questions beyond that which CTI ask, that process can continue. Not, we would submit, in a way that we would wish, and more particularly that the families would wish, because they would wish us to be there, but it would give them further the confidence that there was someone in the room representing their concerns and their interests in addition to CTI rather than that burden again being purely on them.

So it is the proper investigation of disclosure with additional minds that have an understanding of the families' position, the testing of evidence from that perspective and, to echo my learned friend Mr Cooper, that parity with the Secretary of State if she is to be permitted.

Of course, the answer to my learned friend Mr Cooper's invitation is that section 19 would permit you to exclude the Secretary of State from the closed hearings, just as it would permit you to exclude the families from the hearings if that is what you considered to be the way to ensure their confidence and

public confidence in the process.

Beyond that, sir, I suspect I'll be repeating myself and those therefore are our submissions.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you very much, Mr Atkinson.

5 MR GREANEY: Thank you, Mr Atkinson.

Next, then, sir, I will turn to Mr Weatherby.

Submissions by MR WEATHERBY

MR WEATHERBY: Good morning, sir.

Again, I will try my hardest not to repeat either what has been said earlier or too much what has been put in writing. I know you have had the opportunity of looking at the written submissions.

Turning to what Mr Greaney described as topic 1, I think it's important that we get away from looking at this through the language of public interest immunity because the statutory regime that we're looking at here was designed to deal with the problems that arose with public interest immunity. So the Inquiries Act and section 19 and section 17 read together is predicated not only on facilitating the tribunal from hearing material that would otherwise be removed from the process, but it is also facilitating the least interference possible for an open process if it did so (inaudible: distorted).

25 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm afraid you've frozen momentarily.

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1 But I will use the time to take in that submission. 2 Just hang on, Mr Weatherby, we've lost sight of you 3 and we lost you for a moment when you froze. You were 4 making the submission that we should look at it not in 5 the language of PII but looking at it under the Inquiries Act. 6 7 MR WEATHERBY: Yes. I am not for a moment suggesting that 8 some of the other authorities aren't relevant, but the 9 whole purpose of the Inquiries Act in this respect was 10 to present a regime which facilitated the tribunal, 11 first of all, hearing the material that would otherwise 12 be removed from the process. 13 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Okay, just help me about that. The 14 reason why we have had to be converted to an inquiry is 15 because under the procedure for inquests, it is not 16 possible to have a completely closed hearing. 17 MR WEATHERBY: Yes. 18 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: So how come when we have the inquiry, and that's because of PII, when we become an inquiry 19 20 somehow different rules apply? I'm not sure I follow 2.1 that. Can I say, I accept entirely that there should be 22 the minimum diminishing of open justice. So can I make that absolutely clear? I entirely accept that. 2.3 2.4 MR WEATHERBY: Sure. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: But once you have done that, is it any

an actual statutory prohibition.

Again, I make it quite clear, I'm not talking about this case, but you might have a case where the reason for a section 19 hearing is because of telephone intercepts and there is a statutory prohibition on the evidence being in public, though there was such interception.

affect all of us. So yes, one needs to look at the

derogation from the principles of open justice apply.

So if that's what you're saying, I in no way disagree. MR WEATHERBY: But the way CTI have come at this is to

essentially say you can't have the second part of that

And what I'm saying is that the better way of looking at

it is that section 19 is there to deal with all manner

there isn't any balance of public interest but there's

process because this is PII, it's national security.

of the balance of public interest, or indeed where

processes and try and devise ways by which the minimum

But then section 19, even there, provides a framework by which that restricted/prohibited evidence can have this minimum interference possible facilitation applied to it as well in that the information which is the product of the interception can be disclosed even if the actual interception and the provenance point cannot, not because of any balance but because of the statutory

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different?

MR WEATHERBY: Well, it is different because you go from what is essentially more or less a binary process to one which allows the tribunal to hear any potentially relevant material. Also, it provides a regime whereby not only the tribunal can but the tribunal must look to see how it can minimise the interference with the ordinary process of the rule of law.

That's where we come at it. It's not that referring to public interest immunity is wrong, but section 19 covers the balance of public interest in the same way for any issue of where the balance of public interest arises, but it also has the corollary of it, which is that it provides the tools by which you can minimise rather than look at this in a binary process.

Therefore, I think if one is going to look at the learning from the earlier cases, one has to look at it through that lens and must approach it from -- that it facilitates both the hearing of material that would otherwise be removed --

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Weatherby, I accept that in principle. I accept that it's not a binary process and that you can look at ways of making disclosure or partial disclosure subject to the requirements of public interest immunity, which you know affect me as they

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prohibition .

So therefore, we say that you should approach this from the point of view that anybody who applies to have material restricted in this process or, of course, CTI or you may do it of your own volition, but any approach to restriction of that evidence must be on the basis of engaging the second part of that process. I may have gone a long way round the houses on that, but it's a very important point that it's not binary and the fact that we may use the term "public interest immunity applies", in my submission, is not helpful and the fact that national security is used, it may be an entirely appropriate description but it isn't, as we have heard, a trump card which — the flag is flown and there is no better restriction available.

It isn't, again, as simple as saying that the tribunal should have deference to the view of the Home Secretary, we agree with that. There should be deference, but of course, ultimately, it's your decision as to whether material falls within this category. But that isn't an end point. Even if it falls into the category of national security, the second part of the Inquiries Act process must still apply and the inquiry must apply the minimum interference necessary approach to that material as well.

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offect me as they 25 to that material as well.

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SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Let's just look at that for a moment, 1 1 experience, it is likely in our submission to mean that 2 please. So you rightly say let's talk about 2 witnesses will give both open and closed evidence, so 3 interception. I am prohibited by statute for letting 3 a witness may well have 50% of their evidence entirely 4 anything be known that information comes from 4 to be able to be given in open conditions and 50% which isn't --5 interception. What you are saying is that actually 5 doesn't mean that the material which comes from the SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Well, I understand you're not just 6 6 interception cannot be disclosed --7 coming to this, but of course Witness J is in precisely that position and will be a witness who gives evidence MR WEATHERBY: Absolutely. 8 8 9 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: $\,--$ subject to the fact of disclosing the 9 both in open and in closed, and you're saying that needs 10 material doesn't make it clear that it came from 10 to be looked at in relation to any witness and 11 a telephone interception? 11 I understand that point. MR WEATHERBY: That's a starting point with all witnesses MR WEATHERBY: Yes. 12 12 13 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: You agree with that? 13 and, absolutely, that is the point. In fact, we would MR WEATHERBY: Absolutely. So in a case, and again I stress 14 14 say it's much more important with the other witnesses 15 I have no knowledge, there may be telephone intercepts 15 because from our perspective, Witness J is presenting 16 involved in this case, but I have no knowledge of that 16 what I'll put as neutrally as I can as a corporate view 17 17 so I'm not in any way suggesting that there is. But in of the evidence rather than material which is actually 18 a case where the section 19 material is telephone 18 of particular help to the families or anybody watching. 19 intercepts then you would have no discretion, you could 19 So in terms of the national security --2.0 not hear that evidence in open conditions because of the 20 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Sorry, Mr Weatherby, I'm not going to 21 prohibition, but you could and should, if it is 21 allow you to get away with that precisely. I think 22 relevant, hear it in section 19 hearings. But there may 22 Witness J's evidence, both in open and no doubt in 2.3 23 be a way of doing that which allows for lesser closed, will be of assistance to the inquiry and also 2.4 2.4 thereby of assistance to the families . I understand you restriction. A very simple, easy answer to that might 25 be that the material is summarised and disclosed. So 25 say that other witnesses may be of more direct 67 1 in that example, the hearing might be closed but with 1 assistance, but I am not going to accept that Witness \boldsymbol{J} 2 a full gisting and summary, which would give the full 2. won't be of any help. 3 nine yards to the actual material without --3 MR WEATHERBY: I'm sorry, Witness J may well be of great SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Weatherby, sorry, at a very early assistance to the inquiry and thereby to the families 5 stage -- and I think it was Mr Cooper who said this --5 and everybody else, I accept that. What I meant is that actually you're not interested in how MI5 got the 6 in open evidence, so far the evidence of Witness J is 6 7 7 information, whatever it may be, all you're interested not of great assistance to the families because --8 8 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I understand your point on that. in is what the information is. But of course that does

9 mean that if revealing the information also brings in 10 matters which maybe affect national security, that has 11 to be taken into account too. So it's not just simply 12 saying, "Actually, we don't want to know where it came 13 from, we just want to know what it is", that may of 14 itself disclose matters which affect national security. 15 MR WEATHERBY: Well, it might. That's why each --16 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It's not as straightforward as it sounds 17 to carry that exercise out. 18 MR WEATHERBY: With respect, both HMG and, with respect to 19 Mr Greaney, in terms of the submissions about PII, 2.0 that is where the argument is being pressed. What we 21 say is that each piece of material needs to be 2.2 considered to apply the minimum interference possible 2.3 approach to it and that may mean restricting attendance 2.4 at hearings, it may mean having closed hearings, and it

probably will mean a mixture and indeed, on past

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9 MR WEATHERBY: I hadn't put it very carefully. But there is 10 more information in open source material than Witness J 11 has put within Witness J's statement. That's the point 12 I sought to make. 13 In terms of the national security aspect then, the

national security category should simply be considered as a public interest reason for an application or an own volition approach to the issue of section 19 and it very much ought not to be viewed, in our submission, as a trump card.

We've given the examples already in terms of the interception of communications for example, but there are many other examples, and we've given some of them in writing. So for example, if the evidence related to the existence of an informer -- and I again stress I have no information about this, I'm not suggesting there is or isn't in this case -- but let's say the information

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well be an instance where you would determine that the 4 hearings must be closed to everybody apart from the 5 absolute minimum. 6 But there may be, again, ways of involving others 7 without the disclosure or the involvement even with the hearings involving the existence of the informer. And 8 9 to change the facts or change the example to 10 interoperability , there may be different agencies 11 involved here. So obviously from the families 12 perspective there are issues which may involve MI6 or 13 GCHQ or other parts of the intelligence community apart 14 from MI5 and CTP. There may very well be 15 interoperability issues here: how well or otherwise did 16 these agencies work together and was that a point of 17 failure with respect to this particular case? Again, 18 I don't know. Those may be quite sensitive, but they 19 may not be so sensitive as would reach the hurdle of 2.0 restricting the families or the families' 21 representatives from being in the restricted rather than 22 absolutely closed hearings. So therefore, even in terms 2.3 of national security material, there should be no binary 2.4 approach. 25 With respect to national security --

related to an informer, the very existence of whom may

be so sensitive that it must to the utmost. That may

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SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: If you're expecting me to say something

2 you are not necessarily going to find it every time, but 3 I accept all those arguments, but clearly —— well, you will well know, just taking your example, without 5 giving any indication either way, just as with closed hearings, if you have informants, we have struggled 6 in the criminal courts often with the concept that it 8 may be that if there is information provided, by 9 disclosing the information you disclose where it comes 10 11 MR WEATHERBY: Yes, of course. 12 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: That's the problem we have struggled 13 with in the criminal courts often. So there are lots of 14 different factors which I do understand need to be taken 15 into account. 16 MR WEATHERBY: And with respect, I entirely understand and 17 agree that in saying that these things aren't binary, 18 I'm not suggesting they're easy either, but I am 19 suggesting that there must be a range of solutions 2.0 rather than the fact that all but two vast corporate 21 statements will suffice for the chapter 14 evidence. 2.2 And those are really the concerns that we've tried to 2.3 express in the written submissions which I'll come to in 2.4 a moment 25 But before I move on from this point, and I have

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laboured it so I will move on, there has been mention of the case of Roberts this morning and that raised some further thoughts about the Parole Board. In fact, the Parole Board is a -- or parole hearings are subject to statutory and secondary legislation which regulates those hearings and they do allow representatives, for example, to see restricted material on undertakings, indeed including national security material. I haven't provided it because it only arose this morning on consideration of Roberts, but it may be something that we send through later. Current rule 17 expressly refers to national

security material with respect to parole hearings and gives the parole chair the discretion to disclose material to representatives of the prisoner within those processes. So it's not, again, as binary as it perhaps is being --

18 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I think those are the 2004 Rules. The 19 rules have now changed several times since then and 2.0 there are now new rules which do take into account, 21 because it's now become more often, dealing with 22 information relating to convicted terrorists who are coming up for parole. So a different situation does now 23 2.4 arise and it's now become considered necessary to have 2.5 rules which do provide for situations when, because of

1 national security, neither the prisoner nor his 2. representative can be allowed to know the information. 3 But I diverge, really. MR WEATHERBY: I'm sorry, I have not made myself clear here. 5 There has been for a long time the power in the Rules to 6 disclose material to the prisoner's representative on 7 undertakings. There is now under the 2019 current 8 Rules, in rule 17, expressly referred to national 9 security material, and on an application by the 10 Secretary of State, the chair can either reject the 11 application and disclose it to the prisoner and his or 12 her representative or they can disclose it to the 13 prisoner's representative on undertakings, including national security material. So I'm merely pointing that 14 15 out as an example where the statutory regime allows for 16 what we are advocating here and that the fact that this 17 may well fall within what would otherwise be considered 18 public interest immunity does not mean that there is no 19 process which allows for it to be dealt with on that

21 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Weatherby, I'm sorry, I wasn't aware 2.2 that you were aware of the 2019 Rules, which of course 23 are not referred to in Roberts 2.4 MR WEATHERBY: Yes. Just as an aside, the 2019 Rules do in

25 fact put Roberts on a statutory basis because they also

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basis.

1 include special advocates. 1 of the process that we've come to so far is that in 2 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Absolutely. 2 considering the discretions that you have here, if your 3 MR WEATHERBY: I'll move on from that. 3 4 The second point I want to make is about trust and 4 5 I want to reiterate what has been said by others, that 5 the families have trust in the process, in you as the 6 6 7 chair, and indeed in CTI. I want to make that 7 completely clear. They also want to make clear that the 8 8 9 rule of law stands upon open justice and not trust and 9 10 that --10 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: No, no, absolutely, and you've already 11 11 12 12 said that CTI have actually misunderstood the law 13 somewhat, which no doubt they will wish to reply to in 13 14 14 15 MR WEATHERBY: Sure. Therefore, the issue, the question, 15 16 16 the principle here is not trust, otherwise we would have 17 a very different situation if it was. 17 18 Putting a caveat on that. I would say that trust 18 19 might be relevant to issues of the restrictions 19 2.0 necessary under section 19, and therefore if you 2.0 21 determine material should be restricted under 21 22 section 19, and go on to consider whether there are 22 2.3 restrictions which would allow disclosure or presence in 23 2.4 2.4 the hearing, then past behaviour is a good indicator of 25 future behaviour in this respect. So trust might be 25

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relevant to the balance under section 19 on that point.

It will also, of course, be relevant to the confidence of the families going forward in respect of chapter 14 and whether the families have the same degree of confidence in the inquiry in respect of the chapter 14 material.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Weatherby, I well understand that you are putting forward legal propositions to me which you say I should be following and I can well understand you saying, if I don't follow those legal principles, you will take the normal course that people do when they think judges have got it wrong.

What I feel slightly hesitant about is somebody saying to me: actually, if you don't agree with me on this. I won't trust you. And that's a bit of a gun-to-the-head job, isn't it?

17 MR WEATHERBY: I'm trying to avoid that for obvious reasons. 18 I don't want to put an impertinent and (overspeaking) --

19 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It's not impertinent, it's just -- you 2.0 know, if I get the law wrong, you have your remedy.

21 MR WEATHERBY: Yes.

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2.2 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: But to say (overspeaking) trust you.

23 MR WEATHERBY: The point I'm trying to make and the reason

I caveated and prefaced it by indicating how the

perception of the families is at a high level in terms

judgment is that material has to be treated as sensitive and therefore restricted, the discretion you then have to consider what level of restriction is applied, all that I'm submitting is that the more careful the discretion is and the less wide margin given to the sensitivity $\,\,--\,\,$ I haven't put that as eloquently as perhaps I might. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: All I can do, Mr Weatherby, is set out to you, having heard these submissions, in as much detail as I can the principles I will then apply. It is of course then open to you to say, "You are applying the wrong legal principles". I just prefer to identify it in that way rather than, "We don't trust you any more" MR WEATHERBY: Yes, well, I'm sorry if that's the perception I put across. That's not what I'm saying. I'm simply

saying that there are issues of wide public importance, not just to the families here, and issues that we have

raised, I'll come on to them in a moment, early on in

this process from open source which haven't been dealt

with by the open source chapter 14 materials so far. Therefore, the maximum degree to which the chapter 14

material can be put into open will maximise the

confidence of the families in the process. That's all

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1 I'm trying to get across.

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2. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Confidence in the process I understand,

but you may need occasionally to go to Parliament to

change some things related to national security.

5 MR WEATHERBY: Yes, okay. I have made my submissions on the process and that the process does in fact give the 6 7 tribunal quite a wide ambit to the approach to be taken.

8 Finally in terms of this issue of trust, and 9 segueing away from the tricky territory I have just been 10 on, but in terms of MI5 itself, I am not going to make 11 a crass submission that MI5 is a terrible organisation 12 which makes calamitous decisions all the time, I'm not 13 going to do that. But the corollary of that is it is wrong to assume they don't make mistakes or indeed that 14 15 they always act properly. And again, we have raised

16 issues in the past about the security services more 17 generally.

18 Again, the rule of law assumes that courts and 19

tribunals, through their independence, don't put organisations which are in the difficult position of the security services, from a legal perspective, on a pedestal and make assumptions which aren't properly to

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2.4 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I think I am absolutely alert to that,

so I hope -- anyone can make mistakes and if there are

1 mistakes which have been made, they need to be considered at all in Witness X's statement. Therefore, 2 identified and they need to be put right. For example, 2 as we currently stand, they are not addressed in the MI5 3 the information which is in open, that whatever mistakes 3 open material so far and that is a concern to us. 4 were made, there's a team of experts at MI5 who all 4 That's just an example, there are other issues -- the 5 said. "It wouldn't have made any difference", that is 5 relationship of Salman Abedi with other individuals, for the sort of thing which will be given the most rigorous example -- and those aren't considered within 6 6 7 examination. 7 Witness X's statement. MR WEATHERBY: Yes. I'm sure the families would be SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Right, Mr Weatherby. I am quite happy 8 8 9 heartened to hear that expressly asserted. 9 to invite the Secretary of State -- for Witness J to 10 10 In terms of the difference between this case and deal with those matters in a separate statement if you 11 other processes, the other processes that were mentioned 11 would like advance knowledge of what he proposed to say. 12 12 earlier, whereby inquests have proceeded with material I was aware that there were going to be matters on which 13 being excluded, has been because the coroner has 13 cross-examination would take place in any event, but if 14 14 determined that the Article 2 obligations on the state you do want them to be dealt with in statements 15 can be discharged without that material. And that must 15 beforehand, I can certainly invite that to happen. 16 16 MR WEATHERBY: You've already ruled on the Rule 10 process be, to the largest extent, factually based, but that is 17 17 with respect to Witness J and Mr Scally, which of course not this case and that is of course why we're here as 18 a public inquiry --18 we're all aware of, and we will be raising issues on SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Weatherby, I understand that and 19 19 20 I know you understand it. I was only making the point 20 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: It's really just whether you want 2.1 because it was somehow being suggested that because 21 advance knowledge of the answer or whether you're happy 22 we are having a closed hearing rather than what happened 22 to wait until then to get the answers. MR WEATHERBY: We would like, in the normal way of all 2.3 2.3 in the other inquests, which was to exclude anything

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than they were. I'm afraid I don't understand that and 77

covered by PII entirely, that somehow we are more secret

I think it's a misconception which I hope you would agree with.

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MR WEATHERBY: It is. I absolutely agree. And the reason we are here is so that, on the ruling made, there is pertinent material that must be considered here. Then the inquests couldn't proceed because the Article 2 obligation would not have been discharged. So going to the public inquiry facilitates that happening, but it facilitates that happening on the basis of my earlier submission of the corollary of applying the least restrictive measures possible.

I will just finish on this point about the extent of that because we set out in our opening submissions many of the concerns from open source material and no doubt you will have noticed the widespread public concern about the level of material which is in open source, which may be relevant to the issues in this case.

Mr Cooper has gone on to indicate the Abdallah texts, the Abdalraouf Abdallah texts between him and Salman Abedi, and of course Mr Abdallah was prosecuted to the full extent of the law well before this plot came to fruition, and therefore those texts would have been available to the security services. That was put in evidence through Mr Barraclough. I haven't read it recently, but so far as my recollection is, they are not

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all from their perspective alone, but also from the matters that have been raised within this process and the Abdallah text is an example of that.

4 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Has the Rule 10 process started for that 5 or not yet?

witnesses, that the open evidence from MI5 deals with

all of the material that MI5 know is relevant, first of

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6 MR WEATHERBY: We are due to file Rule 10 proposals, 7 I think, a week tomorrow.

8 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Okay, thank you.

9 MR WEATHERBY: Just moving on, a few further points, I'm not
10 going to labour the points I made about special
11 advocates in writing, but I just want to finish by

12 raising three points, really.

First of all, there is no difference between the position of any of the family teams on the aim of the submissions. As you know, all of the families are looking for maximum openness and transparency and candour. The difference between us is merely one of process and that's the difference between the family teams in terms of the special advocates.

In terms of jurisdiction , the second point, HMG are correct in saying that the starting point is to look at the statutory regime to see whether there is an express or implied power to appoint a special advocate, and of course if there is such a clear power, then no problem. But if there isn't such a clear power, it is

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not correct to then presume that Parliament didn't intend for such power to exist and the useful reference that's been made this morning to the case of Roberts is really a determinative point on that. In Roberts, of course, the House of Lords confirmed that there was a power not clearly set out but to be derived from the general procedural power in the statute that lay behind the Parole Board Rules. That's precisely the point here on jurisdiction

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So the next step is to look at what the Act provides more generally and the Act here is quite clear more generally that it gives you, as the chair, a wide discretion as to process, to devise the process to deal with the terms of reference as you deem appropriate within a limited number of important principles, for example fairness

Therefore we say that although HMG are right in the starting point, they give up halfway through, if I can put it that way, and that although it was a preliminary view by Sir Robert Owen in Litvinenko, we would say that it was persuasively put by a judge with a wealth of experience in this area. And therefore we would say there very clearly is a power to provide for a special advocate

Having said that, we argue against you exercising

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the discretion for a special advocate, and we do so because we say that it would achieve a result which is rather the opposite of that intended by those proposing it. Instead of providing a meaningful representation for the families, it would merely give a misleading impression that they were represented within closed sessions, for the reasons that have been advanced by Mr Greaney and others. In particular, the special advocates would not be able to interact with the families once they has seen or taken part in the closed hearings. So we argue rhetorically, how would the families know they had added any value to the process one way or the other?

There has been no special advocate appointed in an inquisitorial process. Not a determinative matter, but one which we say is to be persuasively added to the mix, if I can put it that way.

There are no advantages, therefore, that we can see for a special advocate being brought into the process. We can think of at least two disadvantages. First of all, the point about counsel to the inquiry, their job being to discuss with all CPs and engage with all CPs as to how to make the process work as efficiently and properly as possible, that will not stop because of the closed hearings and therefore they are in a better

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position than a special advocate would be.

But secondly, CTI, of course, have engaged from the outset, and even if fully resourced, practically it would be rather impossible for a special advocate to get up to speed to the extent that CTI would. And it shouldn't be forgotten that if a special advocate was appointed, the families would not instruct a special advocate to do anything, the families here have no special knowledge of matters in a way that even in Litvinenko, Mrs Litvinenko may have had some special knowledge. But here, for the reasons that Mr Greaney referred to earlier, the families have no special knowledge, and therefore they have nothing to add in that sense to the closed hearings. The special advocate would be instructed by the same authority as CTI and the special advocate would have no responsibility to the families. So we say on the basis of all those points, the special advocate would add nothing positive to the process but would give an impression, which wouldn't be right, that the families actually did have a voice in the room. For those reasons, on that one particular point, we part company from two of the other family teams. I'm not sure I can assist further.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm very grateful, Mr Weatherby,

1 thank you.

MR GREANEY: Sir, we have been going, again, for -- perhaps 2.

3 it's in fact not quite an hour, so I will invite

Ms McGahey at least to start her submissions, please.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you. 5

6 MS McGAHEY: Sir, I can hear you now.

7 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you very much.

Submissions by MS McGAHEY

MS McGAHEY: Sir, may I deal briefly first with the submissions made to the effect that the families should themselves, or their representatives, should be permitted to be present during what is essentially at the moment categorised as closed evidence.

The Secretary of State supports the submissions of counsel to the inquiry and also, in particular, for the reasons already identified, by Mr Justice Ouseley in the authority cited, the risk of inadvertent disclosure is simply too great.

My learned friend Mr Atkinson referred to the restriction orders ruling made by Lord Justice Pitchford in the undercover policing inquiry. I believe that the order to which Mr Atkinson was referring was the restriction orders, legal principles and approach ruling of 3 May 2016 and to paragraph 171 of that ruling.

In my submission, what Lord Justice Pitchford had in

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mind there, Sir Christopher Pitchford had in mind there was a much, much more limited form of sharing of information because what he did say was that there could be -- he indicated a confidentiality ring was generally undesirable for the reasons given by Mr Justice Ouseley, essentially that they just didn't work and the risk of an inadvertent disclosure was too great. And he went on at paragraph 171 to say there might be exceptions where there was a close identity of interest, but the example he gave was where there were two police officers who sought anonymity, the representatives of both might be present for each other, or indeed when one police officer was giving evidence and his partner was also present or represented. In my submission those examples of identity of interest are far, far narrower than the identity of interest which is present here, which is said to be the identity of interest shared by everybody to prevent inadvertent disclosure that could assist

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I have nothing further to say on the issue of the access of families and their representatives more generally .

Turning to the issue of special advocates,

I recognise that the Secretary of State is alone here in submitting, sir, that you do not have the power to

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appoint special advocates. I do note, however, in the submissions by Greater Manchester Police, counsel there noted that there were very powerful arguments against the inquiry having such a power and indeed counsel to the inquiry themselves indicate in their submissions only that it is probable that you do so.

6 only that it is probable that you do so.
7 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Well, apart from anything else, in
8 Roberts, Lord Bingham, as well as Lord Steyn, both
9 indicated that there was no power, but however they were
10 outvoted three to two.

MS McGAHEY: They were, sir. Lord Steyn in particular was
 trenchant in his opinion that this was an utterly
 unacceptable trampling over the prerogative of
 Parliament.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: And the Lord Chief Justice found it
 rather awful that he was being accused of being quite so
 unfair.

unfair.

MS McGAHEY: Indeed. It was a very, very different situation, that in Roberts, as you indicated at the beginning, sir, because the situation was such that either this material would not be taken into account, in which case a prisoner who was very dangerous to the public should go free, or it could be — the information could be given to him with the risk that an informant might lose his or her life, and those ultimately were

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the only two hideous possibilities . Those had to be balanced against the need for that prisoner to receive a fair hearing.

My submission is that the situation we have in this inquiry is very, very different from that of the Parole Board. A number of crucial distinctions. The Parole Board example, just as the example of all the other cases in the authorities referred to, are adversarial. A party has a case. A party has —

10 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm really sorry, by definition the
11 Parole Board is inquisitorial. That's how it actually
12 operates in practice. I understand that you can
13 discriminate on the basis that someone is being accused
14 of some form of misconduct or something against their
15 interests, but I don't think it is right to say it's

adversarial rather than inquisitorial. That's how the Parole Board operates.

18 MS McGAHEY: I'm very grateful for that indication, sir.
19 I have to say I have no personal experience of appearing
20 before the Parole Board.

21 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Well, you should try it.

22 MS McGAHEY: Thank you, sir. It was recognised in Roberts 23 that for Article 5(4) purposes, the Parole Board was 24 identifiable as a court; paragraph 66 in Lord Steyn's

 $25\,$ judgment. In that case, the rights of that prisoner

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were being determined, the right to be free or the compulsion to stay in prison perhaps for the rest of his life. In my submission, sir, the situation is very, very different here, where your inquiry is vastly —— if I can say vastly more inquisitorial, if there are categories of inquisitorial proceedings, because the interests are far, far wider. And also crucially, although I'll certainly defer to you on expertise as to Parole Board procedure, there is no equivalent of counsel to the inquest or counsel to the inquiry, any form of amicus.

The situation being addressed in Roberts was one in which either this material could be used or it couldn't and there was nobody to represent the interests of that prisoner, nobody there to see fair play, no neutral counsel. And for that reason, Lord Woolf did, with what appears to be some reluctance, agree that this was the only measure, that in a situation that was not ideal, this was the least worst solution.

And indeed, from certainly 2016 onwards, and the Parole Board Rules from 2016 onwards, as I understand it, the appointment of the special advocate has been put on a statutory footing.

But sir, my submission is that there still remain very grave difficulties in implying a power where none

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has been granted expressly by statute. It has been set out already in our written submissions, so I won't repeat what is there. But my submission is that the difficulty is exemplified by matters raised by counsel to the inquiry. As counsel to the inquiry asserted in their written submissions, any special advocate appointed to represent the interests of a core participant would have no immunity from suit. And counsel to the inquiry also referred to the special advocate acting for core participants as clients.

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In my submission, sir, that would be a very, very substantial departure from the role of a special advocate in any other statutory proceedings, well, with the exception of the Parole Board, to which I'll come back. In all other statutory proceedings in which I am aware, where a special advocate can be appointed, the empowering statute provides that the special advocate is not responsible to the party to the proceedings whose interests that special advocate represents. And for the record, that provision is present in paragraph 10.4 of schedule 4 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act (2011), the TPIM Act. It is present in section 6.4 of the Special Immigration Appeals Commission Act (1997). It is present in section 9.4 of the Justice and Security Act (2013). It is present in

schedule 3, paragraph 7.4, of the Terrorism Act (2005). In section 91.8(b) of the Northern Ireland Act (1998) and in schedule 6, paragraph 6, section 4 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act (2011).

All of these acts provide that a special advocate owes no duty to the individual or person whose interests he represents. And indeed my learned friend Mr Weatherby, making submissions just now, acknowledged that a special advocate should have no such duty. Oddly, sir, the Parole Board Rules of 2019 do not appear to contain that provision, the only one of which I'm

But taking the special advocate regime more generally, in the way it applies everywhere else other than potentially the Parole Board, a special advocate owes no duty to the person whose interests he's representing, and therefore in practice has immunity from suit.

In my submission, it would be very odd indeed if a special advocate appointed by a public inquiry owed duties but the special advocate appointed by the Attorney General following a request by the court did not. It was also not clear from counsel to the inquiry whether a special advocate appointed to represent the inquiry itself would have immunity from suit. Because

if not, that would lead to the very odd result that counsel to the inquiry would have that benefit but the inquiry's special advocate would not.

4 Sir, in my submission, this inquiry has no power to 5 order that a special advocate should have no immunity from suit. 6

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: The other case referred to by counsel to the inquiry is the case of Competition and Markets Authority, which does appear to say that there is a common law power to appoint a special advocate. I can understand that you can argue the use of the power, where there's no statutory authority, either primary or secondary, would be exceptional. It's the argument that I just have no power to do so, which seems to me... Are you saying generally if there is no statutory power to appoint then there is no power to have a special advocate? In which case you run across, appear to cross Roberts and also the Competition and Markets Authority. Or do you say in the case of inquiries, there is no power to do it, and in that case why do you exclude the exceptional case?

I can understand the submission which says it can only be exceptional, but you're saying no power. MS McGAHEY: We say that a public inquiry has no power, yes.

2.5 We say regardless of the situation at common law with

1 courts, an inquiry has no power.

2. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Okav.

3 MS McGAHEY: You don't really need to rule, sir, whether the

House of Lords was correct in 2005 in Roberts because

5 the position with respect to special advocates has now 6

been put on a statutory footing in any event.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I don't think I would be entitled to say 7 8 the House of Lords was wrong. That seems to go beyond 9 my power, but yes, thank you.

10 MS McGAHEY: But it's not the present situation in any event 11 and one wonders why, if the common law power were 12 considered appropriate, there was felt to be a need to 13 make the statutory provision in the Parole Board rules

14 for a special advocate. 15 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I think the answer to that is to do with

16 the increase in terrorist cases that were being dealt 17 with, so it was going to become a more common occurrence 18 than it had been in Roberts, which is accepted as being

19 highly exceptional. I think that's the reason. 2.0

MS McGAHEY: Thank you, sir. 21

But in an inquiry, there is already a very detailed statutory regime, set out both in the Inquiries Act and in the Inquiry Rules 2006, and my submission, sir, is that it would be extraordinary if Parliament had wished there to be the power to appoint special

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advocates but yet had not done so.

In the Greater Manchester Police submissions, my learned friend Mr Horwell sets out in detail reasons against — that an inquiry should not hold such a power, but goes on to say, as do counsel to the inquiry, that it is possible to have an inquiry in which there's no counsel to the inquiry and therefore one must — and for that reason alone, the police say, therefore one must imply a power to appoint a special advocate to deal with situations in which there is no CTI.

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My submission, sir, is that that is wrong. If an advocate is needed where there is no counsel to the inquiry, the solution is to appoint counsel to the inquiry. It doesn't have to be an appointment forever, it can be an appointment for a limited purpose. Rule 2 of the Inquiry Rules just says:

My submission is that that is where the solution lies: there is no need for a special advocate and no need for statutory provision for one or an implied power for one because there is counsel to the inquiry. And in that respect, a public inquiry differs completely from any court proceedings and from the Parole Board.

For that reason, sir, perhaps it isn't necessary for

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me to go into detail about the further distinctions between the common law power of the courts and those of an inquiry. My submission is those common law authorities all relate to instances in which an appointment is being made or suggested, where there's a recognised or an existing procedural framework within which the special advocate can operate, for example a PII hearing, or where the proceedings are closely analogous to those in which special advocates were already appointed by statute. A public inquiry doesn't have that framework, it doesn't have that framework for special advocates at all. It has a very different one and a very specific one: counsel to the inquiry has immunity from suit. If there were an entitlement by statute -- if there were an entitlement to have special advocates, special advocates would have that entitlement too and there is no such provision within the Inquiries Act or the Inquiry Rules.

My submission, sir, also is that on any view, the authorities indicate that appointment of a special advocate, absent statutory provision, is one of last resort, where there is no other means of achieving justice, and that's very clearly from the Parole Board case. My submission is that the concept of achieving justice as between parties to litigation or indeed

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a prisoner before a Parole Board and

 $2\,$ $\,$ a Secretary of State opposing parole do not apply to

3 a public inquiry. The task of a chairman is not to

4 ensure a fair trial or even to uphold the rights of

5 particular individuals, but it is to conduct a full and 6 fearless investigation in accordance with the inquiry's

fearless investigation in accordance with the inquiry's terms of reference. And in my submission, the

terms of reference. And in my submission, theprinciples identified in these authorities are of

9 limited application when it comes to seeking to

transpose them to the proceedings of a public inquiry.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Ms McGahey, I was just trying to think

of possible arguments where occasionally a special

13 advocate may be necessary. Take a public inquiry which

14 was set up arising from a death caused by the police, so

 $15 \hspace{10mm} \hbox{there are various individual police officers who could} \\$

be criticised by an inquiry for their behaviour and

 $17 \hspace{1cm} \hbox{there is some information which may be critical of those} \\$

particular police officers or a particular police
officer, which cannot be disclosed to them because of

20 matters of national security and so they can't provide

any sort of answer to what may be being put forward.

22 Might that not be an occasion when a special advocate

23 might be required?

 $24\,$ $\,$ MS McGAHEY: My submission is no, sir, because the job would

be taken on by counsel to the inquiry and counsel to the

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inquiry would have all the advantages already identified by counsel to the present inquiry in that those counsel could continue to liaise with the police officers and their representatives. They would be in a position to put together a gist, they would be in a position to say very strongly, "This is not going to work", for whatever reason, or they're in a position to say, "These are inquisitorial proceedings, this inquiry on any view will not determine civil or criminal liability", and therefore one has to accept the limitations which always exists in closed proceedings.

I'm trying to...

 $13\,$ SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: That's fine. Thank you.

MS McGAHEY: Sir, may I turn briefly to the submissions made by Mr Cooper at the beginning. He referred repeatedly

by Mr Cooper at the beginning. He referred repeatedly to the test of an appointment of a special advocate in exceptional circumstances and said that it was met,

essentially because, in his submission, MI5 had failed.

My submission is that whether exceptional circumstances are present does not depend on whether the security agencies or anyone else before this inquiry have been at fault. If a power exists at all, the exceptional circumstances in which a special advocate should be appointed is when the interests of justice require it and there is no other means of achieving

on or indeed 25 require it and there is no oth

1 iustice . 1 that whatever your ruling on this application, counsel 2 In the context of this inquiry, sir, my submission 2 to the inquiry will ensure that the degree of scrutiny 3 is that counsel to the inquiry not only can do but 3 of the conduct of Counter-terrorism Policing and the 4 should do the task that special advocates would do, for 4 security service will be intense in the highest degree. all the reasons that have been articulated by counsel to 5 5 We certainly will not proceed on the basis that they are the inquiry, my learned friend Mr Weatherby, and also by infallible, nor will we proceed on the basis that they 6 6 7 the Secretary of State in her written submissions. 7 never do things that they ought not to do. My learned friend Mr Cooper asks why should the SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you. 8 8 9 Secretary of State be present if the families are not or 9 I will give a judgment as soon as I can. There are 10 10 the family representatives in the form of special important matters of principle which I propose to deal 11 advocates are not. My submission is that that 11 with in any event and there are other practical matters. 12 12 misrepresents the position. Firstly, this is not I will hope to do so, certainly after next weekend if 13 adversarial, it's not a tit for tat, it is not an 13 I can, if that's sufficiently early for people. I may 14 equality of arms situation, it is a procedure, the 14 give a short judgment orally because written judgments 15 closed procedure, being used to enable you to assess and 15 tend to be quite long and sometimes not everyone wishes 16 16 counsel to the inquiry to probe evidence that cannot be to read them all but just go to the last paragraph. 17 17 made public. I will give a short oral judgement but I will also give 18 Secondly, the answer is, of course, that witnesses 18 a more detailed written judgment. 19 are entitled to representation before you and that means 19 MR COOPER: We're very grateful, thank you. 2.0 appropriately cleared advocates who are entitled to 20 MR GREANEY: Sir, we won't be in a position to restart until 21 appear before you in closed session. 21 2 o'clock, when I will make a very short opening 22 Thirdly, the Secretary of State's legal team are in 22 statement in relation to chapters 11 and 12, and then 2.3 2.3 call Dr Lumb, the consultant forensic pathologist. a position during closed hearings to deal with questions 2.4 such as, "Can this be gisted? Is there another document 2.4 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you for the brevity and the 25 that goes to this? Is there something missing here? 2.5 clarity with which the submissions were made. 97 1 Surely it's possible to unredact paragraph 6?" Those 1 Thank you. 2 are all reasons for the Secretary of State's counsel and 2 (12.20 pm) 3 solicitor to be present. 3 (The lunch adjournment) My submission is that there is no need, if you have 4 (2.00 pm) Opening statement by MR GREANEY 5 a discretion at all to appoint special advocates, for 5 there to be extra special representation for the 6 MR GREANEY: Sir, good afternoon. As I indicated before 6 7 families because of the nature of this evidence. It is lunch, we are turning now to chapters 11 and 12. 8 8 a task that counsel to the inquiry can and should Chapter 11 deals with the evidence of what happens 9 9 during an explosion and how the pathologists responded conduct themselves. 10 Sir, unless I can assist you further, the 10 to the events of 22 May. Chapter 12 then deals with the 11 Secretary of State relies on her written submissions and 11 experience on the night of the attack of each of the 22 12 those are my oral ones. 12 who died. 13 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you very much, Ms McGahey. 13 These chapters are a vital but plainly difficult 14 MR GREANEY: Sir. Mr Horwell has been in touch with me to 14 part of the oral evidence hearings and it is appropriate 15 15 indicate that he doesn't wish to amplify orally his that we should make some brief remarks about them by way 16 submissions in writing. 16 of introduction. SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: I'm grateful. I have read his 17 We will begin by setting out in summary form what 17 18 submissions. That, I hope, is apparent. 18 issues appear to the inquiry legal team to arise 19 MR GREANEY: Sir, there is no particular issue upon which we 19 in relation to chapters 11 and 12, and in broad terms 2.0 2.0 propose to reply, even assuming it would be appropriate there are two of them.

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First, these chapters will serve as an investigation

as to how and in what circumstances each of those who

were killed died. They will aim to answer the questions

which would have been required to be ascertained and to

address the medical cause of death in the event that

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for a reply from us given the circumstances, but if

address. I will seek to do so.

SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: No, thank you.

there are any particular issues you would like me to

MR GREANEY: May I say this by way of, I hope, reassurance,

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this inquiry had remained 22 inquests.

Second, in doing so, the inquiry will consider the issue of survivability in the case of each of those who died. This is, of course, an important question in its own right and, moreover, will be capable of bearing on the consequences of any failure in the adequacy and/or effectiveness of the emergency response.

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The investigation of these issues has its origin in chapters 9 and 10. Chapters 11 and 12 will provide the opportunity to continue and conclude those enquiries so that the answers that each of the families of the deceased deserve can be given.

We will turn next to provide a high—level introduction to the evidence we'll hear in chapters 11 and 12.

In chapter 11, an expert in forensic pathology, Dr Lumb, who in fact is seated in the witness box ready to give evidence, along with experts in the effect of the impact of a blast wave from the detonation of a bomb, the blast wave panel, will be called.

In this capital, chapter 11, the evidence of Dr Lumb will be confined to providing an explanation of the approach adopted by the team of forensic pathologists who dealt with those who died. He will explain that his role as a Home Office pathologist and that of his

colleagues is to conduct post—mortem examinations upon those who have died in suspicious circumstances.

On the night of the arena attack, Dr Lumb was duty forensic pathologist for Manchester and other areas and was alerted to what had happened at the arena at 6 am on 23 May. He will explain what happened in the hours and days thereafter so that the families of those who died, and indeed the public at large, can have confidence that an appropriate process was adopted by the pathologists.

The evidence of the blast wave panel in chapter 11 will be confined to an overview of the effect of a detonation and the five separate ways from primary to quinary that an explosion may harm the human body. That evidence will be called tomorrow morning.

Although the panel will not deal with any individual in their evidence at this stage, their evidence will, at least to some extent, be graphic and undoubtedly distressing and so we invite those most directly affected to consider closely whether they need to watch and listen to that evidence.

The blast wave panel will explain in chapter 11 that in relation to each of the 22 who died, they have provided an opinion falling into one of three categories.

First, unsurvivable injuries, meaning that they were

so severe that even if the most comprehensive and advanced medical treatment available at the time was initiated immediately after injury survival was deemed impossible.

Second, unlikely to be survivable, meaning that the injuries were so severe that even if the most comprehensive and advanced medical treatment was initiated immediately after injury, survival would not be expected although it would not be impossible.

Third, potentially survivable, meaning injuries that could prove fatal but where the experts are aware of or have direct experience of individuals who have survived such injuries.

However, sir, as we have made plain, in chapter 11, neither Dr Lumb nor the blast wave panel will give evidence about any individual deceased. So the evidence in chapter 11 will provide the context for the evidence in chapter 12.

Chapter 12 is concerned with the experience of each of those who died and will commence tomorrow afternoon at, I believe, 1.30.

It will involve the hearing of evidence relating to each of the 22. This will include evidence about them as a person, about how they came to be in the City Room, and about them after the explosion. There will be

evidence, usually a brief summary, that will be read from the pathologist who performed the post—mortem examinations. The blast wave panel will also be recalled to give their evidence about whether or not the injuries which were sustained by each were or may have been survivable if different or earlier attention had been given.

In one case, the case of Saffie—Rose Roussos, additional expert evidence will be called on the issue of survivability because that is likely to be a particularly complex question in her case. The inquiry legal team has liaised closely with those who represent her over that question and we are grateful for their help and cooperation.

Sir, additional expert evidence has also been obtained about John Atkinson and we anticipate will be called too. Again, there has been a good deal of help and cooperation from those who represent his family.

Tomorrow afternoon, as chapter 12 starts,
Ms Cartwright will explain the process by which the
chapter 12 evidence has been gathered and the procedure
that will be adopted during chapter 12 itself and will
also indicate the intended timetable. As a result, it
is not necessary for me to deal with those issues now.

Finally, we are conscious of how difficult this

- 1 section of evidence will be for each bereaved family. 2 Everyone will wish to ensure that answers are found to 3 help each family but that it is done in the most careful 4 and sensitive way possible.
- Sir, that is all we propose to say in what we said 5 would be brief opening remarks. 6
- SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Mr Greaney, I'm well aware that an enormous amount of work has been going on behind the 8 9 scenes between counsel to the inquiry and counsels for 10 the families to try and deal with this obviously in 11 necessary detail but also in a way which is most 12 acceptable and best for the families. I am really very 13 grateful to everybody for the efforts they have made.
- 14 MR GREANEY: Sir, thank you for those remarks. May I add 15 that I do not believe there could have been any greater 16 cooperation than has in fact occurred
- 17 SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you.
- 18 MR GREANEY: Could I turn immediately then to ask that 19 Dr Lumb be sworn, please,
- 20 DR PHILIP LUMB (sworn)
- 2.1 Questions from MR GREANEY
- MR GREANEY: Doctor, would you begin by identifying 2.2 2.3 vourself, please?
- 2.4 A. Yes. My name is Dr Phil Derek Lumb. I'm a forensic 25 pathologist on the Home Office register. We're

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- 1 sometimes known as Home Office pathologists.
- Q. What is the role of a forensic pathologist, please? 2.
- 3 A. Yes, most of our work involves conducting post-mortem
- examinations upon individuals who have died in 5 suspicious circumstances.
- Q. You have described yourself as a Home Office 6 7 pathologist. What is the Home Office pathologist list, 8 please?
- 9 A. Yes. This is a list of pathologists who have the 10 requisite qualifications to conduct post-mortem 11 examinations on deaths in suspicious circumstances. So 12 we are not in fact employees, it's just a list held by 13 the Home Office and that permits us to do this type of 14
- 15 Q. Do the Home Office pathologists in England and Wales 16 work within areas called group practices?
- 17 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 18 Q. And is the group practice within which you work and 19 indeed worked in May 2017, one that covers a large area, 2.0 including North Wales, Merseyside, Lancashire, Cumbria,
- 21 Greater Manchester, South Yorkshire, West Yorkshire and 2.2 Humberside?
- 23
- 24 Q. In total, how many Home Office pathologists are there or 25 were there in 2017 covering that area?

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- A. There were 11 forensic pathologists covering that area.
- Q. On a day-to-day basis, however, was that geographical
- 3 area divided up into sub-areas?
- 4 A. Yes, that's correct. So it's divided into three areas
- and myself and three other colleagues now cover the Greater Manchester area and South Yorkshire area. So 6
- 7 that's what we do on a day-to-day basis, cover that 8
- 9 Q. And the two colleagues with whom you covered that area 10
- 11 A. In 2017, Dr Naomi Carter and Dr Charles Wilson.
- 12 Did you and those two colleagues principally work from 13
- 14 Yes, that's correct. Our main mortuaries are at the
- 15 Royal Blackburn Hospital, the Medico-Legal Centre in
- 16 Sheffield , and the mortuary at the Royal Oldham Hospital
- 17
- 18 Q. And it's going to be the mortuary at the Royal Oldham
- 19 Hospital that is of principal relevance to your evidence
- 20 today, am I right?
- 2.1 A. That's correct.
- 2.2 Q. Does your group run a weekly rota?
- 2.3 A. Yes, that's correct. It runs from a Monday to a Monday
- 2.4 and you're on call for the entire week. And then the
- 2.5 following week, somebody else takes over. So yes,

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- 1 that's how we run
- 2 Q. As a group, are Home Office pathologists expected to
- 3 provide a forensic pathology service in the event of
- what is usually described as a mass fatality incident?
- 5 A. Yes, that's correct. That would be expected of the 6 local group practice.
- 7 Q. In order to plan for such a terrible event, had you
- 8 undertaken planning prior to May 2017?
- 9 A. Yes, we had. Many of us had been involved in previous
- 10 incidents before. We also have regular run-throughs of
- 11 how we may deal with a situation and I certainly worked
- 12 closely with Michelle Hoyle, who was the mortuary
- 13 manager at the Royal Oldham Hospital, just to plan how
- 14 we would organise things during the course of a mass
- 15 fatality incident.
- 16 Q. So two particular planning aspects: one, you had,
- 17 I think, previously met with senior police officers of,
- 18 so far as relevant to our case, Greater Manchester
- 19 Police?
- 2.0 A. Yes, that's correct, so we met with them previously to
- 21 discuss a mass fatality incident, ves.
- 2.2 Q. And as you just told us, you had done what you describe
- 23 as walk-throughs with the mortuary manager at Royal
- 2.4 Oldham Hospital in order to establish a process by which
- 25 you would deal with a mass fatality incident?

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- 1 A. That's correct.
- 2 Q. Did you yourself also have some involvement with other
- 3 mass fatality incidents --
- 4 A. Yes.

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- 5 Q. -- or the aftermath to them?
- 6 A. Yes. I was involved in the Selby rail disaster in 2001,
- a mass fatality incident, and also I've been involved
- 8 again with the inquests into the Hillsborough disaster
- 9 some years after the event. So I'd had some involvement
- 10 in mass fatality incidents.
- $11\,$ Q. And did your experience in relation to the Selby rail
- 12 disaster and the inquests into those who died in the
 - Hillsborough disaster assist you in formulating the
- $14\,$ $\,$ approach that you're going to tell us about to the
- 15 attack at the Manchester Arena?
- $16 \quad \text{A. Yes, that's correct.} \quad \text{So observing those incidents}$
- 17 helped me formulate a plan for this incident, yes.
- $18\,$ Q. You have explained to us the duty rota system and is it
- the position that during the week commencing20 May 2017, you were the duty forensic pathologist for
- 21 Greater Manchester Police?
- 22 A. Yes, that's correct.
- $23\,$ $\,$ Q. On the morning of 23 May, at about 6 am, were you made
- aware of the events that had occurred the night before
- 25 at Manchester Arena?

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- 1 A. Yes, that's correct, I was made aware of them.
- Q. As duty pathologist, what was your role thereafter to be?
- 4 A. Because I was the on—call pathologist that week,
- 5 it would naturally fall to me to become the lead
- 6 pathologist and there's a variety of different roles
- 7 I would take on during that week.
- 8 Q. We'll just identify in summary what those roles are.
- 9 The context, I suppose, is that in relation to such an
- event at the arena in which many people sadly died you
- 11 would not be able to carry out all the work of forensic
- 12 pathology yourself?
- 13 A. That's correct, yes, we would need the assistance of other pathologists.
- 15 Q. There would need to be a team?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- $17\,$ $\,$ Q. And you would therefore have a role in leading and
- 18 coordinating that team?
- 19 A. That's correct.
- $20\,$ $\,$ Q. So as for the lead pathologist's basic roles, those
- 21 roles you performed during the period from 23 May, first

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- $22\,$ of all was it your responsibility to organise the
- pathological involvement in the incident?
- $24\,$ A. Yes, that's correct.
- $25\,$ $\,$ Q. Meaning that it was for you to identify other

- pathologists to work with you in relation to the attack?
- 2 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 3 Q. Along with organising cover for the pathology that may
- 4 need to be carried out in relation to other unconnected
- 5 deaths?
- 6 A. Yes, that's correct.
- $7\,$ Q. Was it part of your basic role to help to set up the
- 8 mortuary?
- 9 A. Yes, I'd have a role in that.
- Q. To design the mortuary process, including coordinatingwith other organisations?
- 12 A. That's correct, yes.
- 13 Q. And to be a point of contact for other agencies such as
- 14 the police?
- 15 A. Yes, that's correct.
- $16\,$ Q. Having yourself become aware of the arena attack at $6.00\,$
- on the morning of the 23rd, did you make contact with
- 18 your colleagues within your group?
- 19 A. Yes. I made contact with Dr Carter and Dr Wilson to
- 20 make them aware of the situation.
- Q. Did they indicate that each of them would be available
- immediately to come to assist the response?
- 23 A. Yes, they did.
- 24 Q. Was it also necessary for you to contact other
- 25 Home Office pathologists, not within your group or

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- 1 subgroup but within your broader group?
- 2 A. Yes, I contacted other pathologists within the broader
- 3 group, namely Drs Kirsten Hope and Michael Parsons and
- 4 they offered their assistance. Dr Hope was going to
- 5 take over the post—mortem examinations for any other
- 6 suspicious deaths, unconnected suspicious deaths, that
- 7 had occurred, and Dr Parsons was going to help us during
- 8 the process.
- 9 Q. Did you also during that period of the early morning of
- 10 the 23rd make contact with Mr Meadows, Her Majesty's
- 11 Coroner for the City of Manchester?
- 12 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 13 Q. And moreover, for reasons we are going to come on to,
- 14 even at that stage was it clear to you that radiological
- assessment of those who had died would form a critical
- part of your investigation?
- 17 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 18 Q. As a result, did you contact or were you put in contact
- 19 with someone who was an expert in that area?
- $20\,$ $\,$ A. Yes, that's correct. I was given basically a contact
- number for an individual that would help us.
- 22 Q. Were those contact details you were given for
- 23 Colonel Ian Gibb?
- 24 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Who was a colleague that you knew had been involved, for

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2

5

- 1 example, among other events, in the aftermath of the 7/7
- 2 London terror attacks?
- 3 A. That was my understanding, yes.
- ${\sf Q}. \;\; {\sf Your} \; {\sf understanding} \; {\sf is} \; {\sf correct}. \;\; {\sf Did} \; {\sf you} \; {\sf then} \; {\sf attempt} \; {\sf to}$ 4 make contact with Colonel Gibb? 5
- A. Yes, that's correct. I made contact with him just to 6
- 7 basically explore the possibility of him helping us
- 8 in the case. I passed on the contact number to the
- 9 coroner as well.
- 10 Q. And although implicit in the evidence you have given,
- 11 Colonel Gibb was an expert in radiology?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- 13 Q. Was one of the matters you raised with Colonel Gibb the
- availability of a mobile CT scanner? 14
- 15 A. Yes, that's correct. The Royal Oldham Hospital mortuary
- doesn't have a CT scanner attached to it and I was aware 16
- of a mobile CT scanner that I'd used in various 17
- 18 exercises before. And next to the Royal Oldham Hospital
- 19 is a position where we could have placed that mobile CT
- 20
- 2.1 Q. So did you in fact make arrangements for that to occur?
- 2.2 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Did you, without going into really too much detail, then 2.3
- 2.4 take steps to ensure that the mortuary at the Royal
- 25 Oldham Hospital would be used exclusively in connection

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- 1 with those who had died in the arena attack?
- A. Yes. and all that process was actually well underway in 2
- 3 any event, so that was all being arranged.
- Q. Having spoken to those people and having taken those
- 5 steps, did you then begin to make your way to the Royal
- Oldham Hospital mortuary? 6
- 7 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 8 Q. At what time did you arrive? A. About 10.30 in the morning.
- 10 Q. As you've indicated already, by the time you arrived,
- 11 had the entire mortuary at that hospital already been
- 12 made available for your exclusive use?
- 13 A. Yes, the mortuary staff had already been preparing it
- and getting it ready for the mass fatality incident, 14
- 15

9

- 16 Q. So were you content that the arrangements that needed to
- 17 be made for the forensic pathology response to an awful
- 18 event such as this were operating as they ought to be?
- 19 A. Yes, very much so. They were all in action and ready.
- 2.0 Q. At the mortuary, did you meet with your colleagues,
- 2.1 Dr Carter and Dr Wilson?
- 2.2 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 23 Q. Did the three of you then travel to the arena itself and

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- 24 indeed to the City Room?
- 25 A. We did, yes. That's correct.

- 1 Q. At what time did you arrive at the outer cordon of the
- 3 A. 12.27 hours that day.
- 4 Q. In summary form, what was the purpose, and indeed the
 - importance, if it was important, of the forensic
- pathologists making a visit to the scene? 6
- 7 A. Yes, a number of reasons to visit the scene. At that
- 8 time, many of the investigating officers and the coroner
- 9 were present at the scene, so it was important to meet
- 10 with them. We could conduct an early assessment of what
- 11 resources we may need, for example the number of
- 12 pathologists that may be needed and the DVI teams. We
- 13 had the opportunity to also speak to the crime scene
- manager and to a number of -- for a number of reasons 14
- 15 and what we were to expect and were there any hazards
- 16 and to ensure that there wasn't a CBRN hazard in this
- 17 case as well. CBRN stands for chemical, biological,
- 18 radiological and nuclear, so to ensure there wasn't
- 19 a contaminant that we needed special equipment for, but
- 20 that was not the case.
- 2.1 Q. Yes.
- 2.2 A. One of the other important reasons was it may have been
- 2.3 possible for me to give an early indication as to how
- 2.4 long the process might take as well.
- 25 Q. Was it, moreover, important to the work that you were to

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- 1 do to see where within the scene those who had died
- 2
- 3 A. Yes, so the position of the deceased can help explain
- some of the pathologies found in this case, so that was
- 5 important as well.
- 6 Q. And were those who had died still at the scene at that
- 7 time?
- A. That's correct, yes. 8
- 9 Q. Were two other purposes of your visit to enable
- 10 a discussion of what you describe as identity continuity
- 11
- 12 A. Yes, that's just to understand how the identity would be
- 13 maintained from the scene all the way through the
- 14
- 15 Q. And also so that a discussion could take place about the
- 16 removal of those who were dead from the scene in a way
- 17 that was both safe and dignified?
- 18 A. That's correct, yes.
- 19 Q. Did you meet at the scene Detective Chief
- 2.0 Inspector Crompton, one of the senior investigators?
- 2.1 Yes, that's correct.
- 2.2 The coroner, Mr Meadows?
- 23 Yes, that's correct
- 2.4 And other representatives of the coroner and Greater
- 25 Manchester Police?

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- 1 A. That's correct, yes.
- Q. Without going into the detail of it, whilst there at the
- 3 scene, were you provided with a history of what the
- 4 police understood at that stage had happened by
- Detective Chief Inspector Crompton? 5
- A. Yes, I was given a background. 6
- Q. Would that be entirely conventional that you would
- receive the history as it was understood at that stage? 8
- 9 A. Yes, that's normal for any Home Office autopsy we 10 conduct: we get a briefing prior to the commencement by 11 investigating officers.
- 12 Q. Were you led from the outer cordon to the inner cordon 13 of the scene at 12.57 hours?
- 14

7

- 15 Q. Was it possible for you to walk into the central area of 16 the scene itself?
- 17 A. No. We had to walk around the outside. There was 18 a health and safety concern about falling glass from the
- 19 Q. But is it the position that nonetheless you were able to 20
- 2.1 obtain the information that you required about where 22 those who were dead were positioned from the position
- 2.3 that you were in within the inner cordon?
- 2.4 A. Yes. that's correct.
- Q. And was it, moreover, established by you and your team

- 1 that steps had been taken by the police to ensure that
- 2 the position of each dead person had been properly
- 3 documented by photographs being taken?
- A. Yes, that's correct, yes.
- 5 Q. What time did you and your colleagues leave the scene?
- A. At 13.19 hours. 6
- 7 Q. Did you do so in order to attend what is known as a mass
- 8 fatalities coordinating meeting?
- 9 A. That's correct, yes.
- 10 Q. Did that take place at Greater Manchester Police force 11 headquarters?
- 12 A. It did, yes.

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- 13 Q. Discussing many issues that did not bear directly upon
- 14 the forensic pathology? A. Yes. that's correct.
- Q. But towards the end were some issues that were of
- 17 relevance to you addressed?
- 18 A. That's correct, yes.
- 19 Q. During the late afternoon of that same day, 23 May, did 2.0 you and your colleagues return to the mortuary at Royal
- 21 Oldham Hospital?
- 2.2 A. Yes, we did, yes.
- Q. What was the purpose of returning there at that stage? 23
- 24 A. We were going to have a discussion at that point about
- 25 the approach to the post-mortem examinations, and we

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- gathered together to have a discussion about that.
- 2 Q. Did you also during that process contact Dr Daniel
- 3 du Plessis, a consultant neuropathologist based at the
- 4 Royal Salford Hospital?
- 5 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. To what end? 6
- 7 A. So Dr Du Plessis is a neuropathologist and we sought his
- 8 advice on the necessity for any specialist samples to be 9
 - taken and he gave us some advice.
- 10 Q. During that meeting of the pathologists at the mortuary,
- 11 did you discuss the main considerations of and,
- 12 moreover, objectives of the post-mortem examinations
- 13 that you and your team intended to carry out?
- 14
- 15 Q. And what were those considerations and objectives?
- 16 A. These are very similar to many suspicious deaths that we
- 17 conduct. So there was -- evidence recovery is one
- 18 objective. Identification of the deceased and
- 19 documentation of the injuries and all the other
- 20 pathological findings, so that includes natural disease
- 21 also. Then ultimately to provide the cause of death.
- 22 We knew that survivability may be an issue, so we
- 23 discussed the fact that we needed to document, for
- 2.4 example, puncture marks and so forth, and injury
- 25 assessment in order to assist viewing at a later stage.

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- 1 Q. In relation to survivability , we'll all have understood
- 2 what you were looking for, but at that early stage, did
- 3 you understand that in due course that important issue
- of survivability would be likely to involve
- 5 consideration by other experts in addition to the
- 6 forensic pathologists?
- 7 A. That's correct.
- 8 Q. And that you therefore needed to have in mind the need
- 9 to gather information that they might need in order to
- 10 assist in their assessment?
- 11 Yes, that's correct.
- 12 Q. You told us that at a very early stage you made contact
- 13 with Colonel Gibb, the radiologist, and I indicated that
- 14 you would come on to tell us why you thought that
- 15 radiology was likely to be of considerable importance.
- 16 So could you identify, please, for us, because this may
- 17 be an issue during the course of chapter 12, why you
- 18 felt at that point that radiology was important?
- 19 A. Yes. So in this case, it was going to assist us in
- 2.0 evidence recovery. Very commonly in cases where there
- 21 are missiles within the body, radiology can help us find
- 2.2 them. There's a health and safety role in these cases
- 23 for us, particularly as pathologists -- there are often
- 2.4 sharp fragments in these sort of cases, so it would
- 2.5 alert us to where those were and, if possible, to avoid

- 1 those.
- 2 Q. I think I can probably take the balance of this rather
- 3 more shortly. The radiology was important for reasons
- 4 connected with the assistance of identification and also
- 5 to enable you to pre-plan the post-mortem or autopsy
- 6 examinations?
- 7 A. Yes. that's correct.
- 8 Q. Necessarily, was a decision made that full post-mortem
- 9 examinations should be conducted in relation to each of
- 10 the 22 who had died?
- 11 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 12 Q. And that careful steps would need to be taken to ensure
- that the examinations were recorded photographically?

 14 A. Yes, that's a standard process for us in Home Office
- 15 cases, to take still images.
- $16\,$ $\,$ Q. Did you also agree, and we don't need to go into the
- detail of this for my purposes, a pathological sampling protocol?
- 19 A. Yes. we did.
- 20 Q. Relating to histology and blood?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- Q. And did you agree that some of the injuries could be
- 23 given standard terminology?
- 24 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 25 Q. Was it resolved that the post-mortem examinations should

- be conducted by three teams?
- 2 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 3 Q. And what was it intended each of those teams should be
- 4 comprised of?
- $5\,$ $\,$ A. The teams normally would comprise the pathologist, an
- 6 anatomical pathology technologist, basically they are an
- 7 assistant to the pathologist, a forensic imaging
- 8 specialist to take the photographs, exhibits officers
- 9 and they would normally take samples, DVI officers,
- $10\,$ again part of the process, and scene of crime
- investigators . So that was the essential make—up of each team.
- 13 Q. Did you then identify a timetable for carrying out of the post—mortem examinations?
- 15 A. Yes. a timetable was constructed.
- $16\,$ $\,$ Q. And at about this time, did the mobile CT scanning unit
- 17 arrive and was it prepared for use?
- 18 A. Yes, it was, that's correct.
- 19 Q. During the course of 23 May, did the bodies of those who
- 20 had died arrive at the mortuary?
- 21 A. Yes, they did, that's correct.
- $22\,$ $\,$ Q. Were steps taken to ensure that the dignity of the
- deceased was preserved?
- $24\,$ $\,$ A. Yes, that's correct. So scaffolding had been erected

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25 around the building to ensure that dignity was

1 preserved.

- $2\,$ $\,$ Q. Had the radiology team led by Colonel Gibb arrived at
- 3 the mortuary?
- 4 A. Yes, they had done, yes.
- 5 Q. Together with other experts?
- 6 A. That's correct, yes.
- $7\,$ $\,$ Q. And did a full team meeting then take place, including
- 8 representatives of Greater Manchester Police?
- 9 A. That's correct, yes.
- $10\,$ Q. Which resulted in a process being agreed for each
- post—mortem examination?
- 12 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 13 Q. Did the post-mortem examinations commence on 24 May?
- 14 A. They did, yes, that's correct.
- 15 Q. And conclude on 28 May?
- 16 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 17 Q. Doctor, I don't need to ask you about any more of the
- detail of your witness statement. I appreciate, I know
- $19\,$ you will appreciate, that it may seem to those who are
- $20\,$ watching that we've been through your evidence in
- 21 a rather technical way. But I know that there are some
- things that you would like to say, both about the
- 23 process and about the families of the victims of this
- $24\,$ attack. I'm at page 15 of your statement.
- 25 A. Yes. I just thought it was important for me to state

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- $1 \hspace{1cm} \hbox{that the mortuary process was very much a team effort} \\$
- 2 and I would like to take this opportunity to thank every
- person involved in the mortuary process for their hard
 - work and professionalism during this difficult period.

 May Lalso take this opportunity to offer my
- May I also take this opportunity to offer my condolences to the families of the 22 individuals who
- 7 lost their lives during the incident.
- 8 MR GREANEY: Doctor, those are my questions.
- 9 Pursuant to the Rule 10 process, Mr Weatherby's team
 - indicated that they might, depending on the areas
- 11 covered by me, have some questions and I will therefore
- turn to him to ask whether he does have questions.
- 13 Questions from MR WEATHERBY
- 14 MR WEATHERBY: Yes, please, Dr Lumb. May I just ask you
- very quickly, in terms of the radiology, the CT imaging
- $16 \hspace{1cm} \text{was taken prior to the post-mortem examinations; is that} \\$
- 17 right?

10

- 18 A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. You then got the results from the radiology and you, the
- $2\,0\,$ pathologists, considered what the CT images showed in
- order to (inaudible: distorted); is that right?
- 22 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 23 Q. So effectively you and the radiologist had a conference
- 24 before the pathological examination and then that
- 25 assisted you in that examination?

```
A. That's correct.
 2
     MR WEATHERBY: That's all I ask. Thank you very much,
 3
        Dr Lumb.?
     SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you, Mr Weatherby.
 4
     MR GREANEY: Sir, as Mr Weatherby certainly appreciates, and
 5
        you will appreciate, the radiology is something that
 6
 7
        we will have to look at, certainly in relation to one of
 8
        those who died, much more closely during the course of
 9
        chapter 12.
10
            Sir, I don't know whether you have any questions for
11
        Dr Lumb.
     SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: No, I'm very grateful, thank you very
12
13
        much for coming and for the work you and your team did.
14
     MR GREANEY: Sir, as I indicated at the beginning of the
15
        afternoon, the next stage will be evidence from the
16
        blast wave panel. For what I usually describe as very
17
        good reason, it is not possible for those experts to
18
        give evidence until tomorrow morning, so I'm afraid that
19
        means, for once, an earlier than normal finish.
20
     SIR JOHN SAUNDERS: Thank you. 9.30 tomorrow?
21
     MR GREANEY: Yes, sir.
22
     (2.39 pm)
              (The inquiry adjourned until 9.30~\mathrm{am}
2.3
24
                  on Tuesday, 21 September 2021)
25
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